GET IT

The New Price List of Cycle, accessories, will be sent post free on request.

Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,

Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

EDITED BY S. G. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

FREE TO CYCLISTS.

The New copy of our Price List will be sent post free on application.

Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,

Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

VOL. IV NO. 161 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England)

MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

DATE	STEAMERS.	TONS.
16th September	DONGOLA	8,076
17th "	PLASSY	7,346
24th "	NALDERA *	15,825
1st October	SOUDAN	6,696
8th "	MOREA	10,890
15th "	EGYPT	7,941
22nd "	CHINA	7,952
29th "	MALWA*	10,941
6th November	DELTA	8,097
12th "	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
19th "	DEVANHA	8,092
26th "	NARKUNDA*	16,118
3rd December	MACEDONIA	10,512
10th "	CALEDONIA	7,572
17th "	MOREA	10,890
24th "	MANTUA*	10,902
31st "	PLASSY	7,346

* NALDERA
* MALWA
NARKUNDA
MANTUA
* Through steamers from Australia.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers arrived.

SAILINGS TO THE STRAITS AND CHINA.

Date	Steamers
12th September	DUNERA

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALAIN PORTS.

Date	Steamer	
23rd Sept.	NARKUNDA	Call at Colombo
21st October	MANTUA	Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney.
18th November.	NALDERA	
30th December	MALWA	

REDUCED FARES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COMLOMBO.

First Saloon single ticket £10
Second Saloon single ticket ..... £ 7

A Special three-months holiday return ticket, first saloon only, will now be issued at £15. All these fares are payable only in Rupees at the current rate of exchange with a minimum of 1s. 4d.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	—
9th Sept.	LHASA	Karachi direct
8th "	BANDRA	Busreh saloon passengers only
9th "	KARAGOLA	East & South Africa noon
8th "	BAMORA	Karachi & P. Gulf

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

P. O. Box 124

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO,
16, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163.

Telephone No. 1230.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Malay Maru	T.Sako	26th Aug.	10th Sept.
Saigon Maru	K.Sato	8th Sept.	10th Sept.
Ganges Maru	R.Yamanoi	19th Sept.	1st Oct.
Peking Maru	K.Yamaguchi	7th Oct.	19th Oct

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to

K. SHIMA,
Manager.

Ballard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Hakata Maru	Y. Tomioka	5970	30th "	12th Sept
Morioka Maru	B. Takiguchi	4469	10thSept	20th "
Tamba Maru	D Aoshiwa	5810	29th "	13th Oct
*Yamagata Maru	Y. Matsuda	3807	8th Oct.	10 "

*This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras.

For freight and passage apply to

S. TAGAMI,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	3,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

M. A. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED,

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN).
(ESTABLISHED, 1880.)

Subscribed Capital	Yen. 100,000,000
Paid Up Capital	Yen. 100,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen. 58,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES.

Batavia.	Kobe.	Saigon.
Bombay.	London.	San Francisco.
Buenos Aires.	Los Angales.	Seattle
Calcutta.	Lyons.	Shanghai
Changchun.	Manila.	Shimonoseki.
Dairen.	Nagasaki.	Singapore.
Fengtien.	Newchwang.	Sourabaya
Hamburg.	New York.	Sydney.
Hankow.	Nagoya.	Tientsin.
Harbin.	Osaka.	Tokyo.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Tsinan.
Honolulu.	Rangoon.	Tsingtau.
Kai Yuan.	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSITS, ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 3.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. OSSUKA,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Bombay.

Post Box No. 121.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,50,79,800
Paid-up Capital and Reserves ...	Rs. 2,38,79,800
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 3,81,12,600

BRANCHES:

London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar 20, Apollo Street.
Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed to Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

NOTICE to Savings Bank depositors from April 1st, 1921, interest on Saving Bank accounts has been INCREASED from 4 per cent. to 4½ per cent. per annum.

E. D. C BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.
BRANCHES.

Amara	Bombay
Baghdad	Calcutta
Bahrein	Colombo.
Basrah	Hillah
Basrah City	Mosul

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£ 999,500
Reserve Fund	£ 266,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman,
J. H. Batty, Esqr.,
G. Gromley-Martin, Esqr.
Emile Francqui, Esqr.,
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas Esqr.,

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for short periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent., per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. P. TUCKER,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs. a. p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000 0 0
Capital Issued	50,00,000 0 0
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000 0 0
Capital Paid-up	28,13,801 15 2
Reserve Funds	15,80,851 15 10

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Gojra	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hapur	Multan City	Umballa Cantt
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to.—

DIN DAY MEHRA,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ...	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street. E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE
40, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manilla	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yokoho
Hongkew	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

R. H. HYND,
Agent.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-21	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

Banking business of every description transacted.

A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE:—Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ...	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs. 3,62,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH & Co.,
Agents.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,500,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,050,000

HEAD OFFICE.
14, Gracechurch Street London, N. C.
LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

No. 815, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.

Funded Capital, Rs. 2,44,100.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to Canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK

5%

Investments mainly in or against Terminable "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimising to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets.

It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%

Apply DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing-Director*

Aniline and Alizarine Dyes

RUSTOM VAKIL, LIMITED,

Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 3073, *Telegrams:*—"TARPRODUCT"

Sole Agents for India and Burma for

L. B. HOLLIDAY & Co., Ltd.

of Huddersfield,

Manufacturers of Aniline Dyes and Coal Tar Products.

ALIZARINE 20%

READY STOCKS FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Territories still open for sub-agencies.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY. LTD.

HEAD OFFICE,
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupee Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.

Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India Liberal Policy terms.

"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India.

For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.

EAR & CO.
Managing Agents.
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS.
Chief Agents.
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and G.I. 803, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE

INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO LTD.

185, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Sarcopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Sewji & Co).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P., (Mooljee Jetha Co.), (Ex-Officio.)

Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely safe without any vexatious restrictions.

Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.

Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.

For particulars apply to:—

JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

According to the Gov. of India Insurance Blue Book.
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.

Established 1891

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 6,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.

LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to:—

The Secretary	or The Chief Agents.
309, Bow Bazar.	D. SEN & CO.,
Street Calcutta.	1 Chowringhee
	Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

INSURANCE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

TOTAL FUNDS ... ... Rs 1,75,00,000

LOW PREMIUMS
LIBERAL CONDITIONS
WORLD-WIDE POLICIES.

Prospectus and all information may be obtained from Head Office, BOMBAY.

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.
Manage

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappy.)
Incorporated in Holland.
Established by Royal Charter 1824.
BOMBAY—Branch, Hornby House, Hornby Road.
FULLY PAID-UP CAPITAL
f. 80,000,000 equal £6,666,666
RESERVE FUNDS.
f. 425,513,284 equal £35,542,774
Head-Office at Amsterdam (Holland).
Agencies at Rotterdam and the Hague.
Head-Agency at BATAVIA.
BRANCHES.
Dutch East Indies:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongan
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Semarang
Djooja	Sourabaya
Djember	Solo
Kota Radja	Tobing Tingg (Du)
Langsa	Tegal
Macassar	Telok Betong
Medan	Tjilatjap
Padang	Weltervredon
Palembang	

Straits Settlements:—Singapore, Penang.
China:—Shanghai, Hongkong.
Japan:—Kobe.
British India: Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
London Bankers: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Bombay: Interest allowed on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the laily balance up to Rs. 100,000; if the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.
Fixed Deposits received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.
The Bombay Branch of the Netherlands Trading Society issues Letters of Credit grants drafts on the above Agencies, the principal continental places, South Africa, America and Australia, buys and receives for collections. Bills of Exchange and undertakes general banking business.

L. J. B. VAN LEEUWEN,
Agent.

GREAT FACTORY OF PETROL DRUMS.

In our factory, Galvanised petrol-drums of double seam, Anchor Brand Buckets, etc. etc. are manufactured by machinery worked by Electricity.

RATES MODERATE.

Trial order is earnestly solicited.

MUSAJI VALIBHOY PATRAWALA

Opp: Police Chowkie, Null Bazar
BOMBAY No. 2.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—GRADUATE or UNDER-GRADUATE for a School at Banara. Apply with copies of testimonials stating salary to Box No. 7167, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1268

WANTED—Young energetic COM-POUNDER. Apply personally. RATHLAL MAGANLAL & Co., Princess Street.
A R1293

WANTED—A competent and well experienced TYPIST in Mill and Gin Stores line, one who have full knowledge of this line, need only apply to Post Box No. 235, with copies of previous experiences and pay required.
A R1285

WANTED—AGENTS for to sell the products of the Venus Chemical & Drugs Manufacturing Company, Kapadwanj Pay Rs. 80 to Rs. 90 plus commission. Apply to the MANAGER.
A C 10761

WANTED.—AGENTS for selling shares of a coal and a cotton concern also to act as agents for selling coal in their places of business. Applications stating terms and references should be posted to Box No. 2329, CALCUTTA.
A C10778

WANTED—A qualified WEAVING MASTER with practical knowledge of handlooms. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating experience and salary expected to the MANAGER, CAWNPORE DYEING & CLOTH PRINTING CO., LTD, Cawnpore.
A C10752

WANTED—Respectable and influential AGENTS for selling the shares of a promising Limited Concern on monthly salary of Rs. 100 plus 2nd class Railway fare. Only those who are ready to give guarantee of selling 100 shares of Rs. 25 each need apply to Messrs. RENBY & Co., 5, Pollock Street, CALCUTTA.
A C10755

WANTED.—An energetic and expert WEAVING MASTER of long experience for the Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited, Ahmedabad. Must have previous experience of Indian mills. Apply with testimonials to RUNCHHODLAL CHHOTALAL and Co., Shahpur, Ahmedabad with the salary expected.
A C10771

WANTED—SUB-AGENTS and EXPERIENCED INSPECTORS for Bombay, United and Central Provinces, Central India and Rajputana for selling Kerosine Oil, Petrol, Candles, Lubricating Oil and Crude Oil of The Indo-Burma Oilfields (1920), Ltd., and The United Refineries of Burma, Ltd. Apply SETH ATMA RAM CHARAN DASS & CO., MUTTRA.
A C10713

WANTED—Few influential TRAVELLING AGENTS on a monthly pay of Rs. 100 and Commission for U. P. Punjab and Bombay Presidency for our coal and oil mills department. Please apply by letter either to the MANAGING AGENTS at No. 8, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, or to our representative Mr. K. MUKERJEE, New Sarder Asram, Sitaram Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.
C10756

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SOLE AGENCY WORKS of some good firm by an energetic, young Indian, well-up in business, proceeding to America. Apply sharp Box No. 7045, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B

WANTED—A COTTON SELECTOR of long experience seeks SITUATION in the moffusil as an Agent or a Factory manager, for particulars write to Box No. 7179, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1295

SITUATION WANTED—As a CASHIER, having 18 years' experience in Mercantile firms in India and abroad, recently returned from Persia after 6 years' service in the Anglo-Persian Oil Co., Ld., of Mohamerah. Can furnish cash security of Rs. 5,000 or more if required. Salary required Rs. 200 p. m Please write to Box No. 7172, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1278

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—Middle Colaba, facing Western Sea, Ground Floor of Patel House, Drawing, Dining and 4 Bed Rooms, good garden, Garage, etc., furnished. Apply R. S. CAPTAIN, 121, Esplanade Road Bombay.
C10758

TO LET IMMEDIATELY Office Premises in Fort, central situation, space available 2000 square feet. Apply Box No. 7178, Advt. Dept.' "Bombay Chronicle."
C C10776

TO LET.—OFFICER PREMISES in Medows Street, excellent situation. Apply Messrs. DHARAMSI DADACHANJI and Co., 303, Hornby Road.
C R1298

TO LET. An airy and big BUNGLOW at Andheri on Versoon Road to let for Hindoos only, seven minuts walk from station. Apply to Messrs. K. DAYA and Co., 309, Hornby Road, Fort.
C R1297

BALLARD ESTATE—Ground floor, suitable for show rooms and offices on upper floors in one of the best situated buildings with an all sea frontage on Ballard Road opposite Ballard Bunder near Mole Station entrance in AMARCHAND BUILDING are to let immediately in parts or whole floors at revised rents. For particulars apply to the owner on the premises in writing or personally daily between 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. and p.m. and 6 p.m.
5 CR1289

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

FOR SALE. One Ford touring LORRY with ten passenger body lately build solid tyers in perfect running order. Apply to the BRITISH INDIA MOTOR CAR CO., New Queen's Road, Bombay.
JA R1262

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

FOR SALE.—Complete GINNING and PRESSING FACTORY MACHINERY by Nesmyth Wilson with or without buildings and land. One semi-portable compound Engine and Boiler of 60 I. H. P. by Messrs. Marshall sons 150 lbs. Boiler pressure Apply PHIROZSHAW & CO., Nsbit Road, Mazgaon, Bombay.
K R1277

FOR SALE—Six Twist Ring FRAMES 308 spindles each 2-5/8in. gauge, 1-5/8in. Ring, 9in. Tin Roller 7/8in. Wharves, 5in. Lift Howard and Bullough make 1886. Two S. A. Mules 728 spindles each 1-1/4in. gauge, 16-1/2in. spindles, 3/4in. Wharves Platts make 1oc6. Offers to the undersigned W. H. BRADY & Co., Ltd., Mill Department, Church Gate Street.
K C10768

EDUCATIONAL.

ENROLMENTS for London Chamber's 1922 Examinations, General Commerce Course will soon close. Apply principal immediately, DAVAR'S COLLEGE, Great Western Building, Fort.
M R1264

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Estd. 19 sound Training in Book-keeping, Banking, Law, Auditing etc., for L. C. C. and F. C. R. A. Exams: imparted by Principals A. J. Mukati F. L. A. and R. S. Bharucha F. C. R. A. (late of Kalbadevi S. T. Institute) Enrolment daily. Fees moderate. Classes held Morning and Evening in Kanta Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay Prospectus on application.
M GH.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

FOR QUICK SALE.—Two COTTAGE PIANOS. Perfect condition. Any reasonable offer accepted S. GADIALI, Dadar.
N R1290.

A COTTAGE PIANO by "schiedmeyer" and an Nepright Piano by "Knake". As good as new Rs. 1,000 each. R. MASTER, Essak Bldy., Parel.
N R1289.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED CAPITALIST, who can invest few Lacs in Tea Industry. For particulars. Apply to Box No. 7165, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R C10743

WANTED—FINANCE, up to Rs. 5,000 at a reasonable rate of interest, for a concern in Bombay dealing in cycle and motor accessories. Please apply Box No. 7177, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R1284

FLOWERS, SEEDS, Etc.

LOOK FRESHEST GUARANTEED—12 packets Flower seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets English vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets Indian vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 plants young Roses varieties Rs. 6; 12 plants young Crotous Rs. 6; 12 grefted mango plant Rs. 12. Price list free on application M. DEVAPPA & SON, Flowerists & Seedsmen, BANGALORE CITY.
C10677

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WANTED—TEAK SLEEPERS 7ft. by 10in. by 5. Apply Box No. 7159, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R1255

BEST BRITISH MAKE CARIBONUM ribbons and Carbon papers, and all TYPEWRITER & DUPLICATOR supplies. Typecopying work done neatly and accurately, Typewriter Repairs a speciality. CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO.

ARE you in the market of Khadoi & Garaha? Then do not forget us, the cheapest store in ALIGARH. For prices and particulars, write to VARSHNEY KHADDI STORES.
T R1294

FOR SALE—Power looms 36 in. plain and 32 in. with drop bon of four shuttles in working condition second-hand. Enquire at SHROFF BROS & Co., 46, Apollo Street, Bombay.
T R1292

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC AUCTION will take place on SATURDAY, the tenth instant, at 12 noon (S. T.), for the sale of buildings Nos. 5 and 6 Reading and Billiard Room and Bar and Canteen Room of Attached Section Camps, Colaba. The buildings are to be demolished, materials removed and site cleared to the satisfaction of the Deputy Assistant Director of Military Works, Bombay, within a fortnight from the date of order. The materials removed will be the property of the purchaser: 10 per cent. of the purchase value will have to be deposited as security for due performance of the work and the full value (in addition) of the buildings within two days from the date of completion of the auction. Auction will be held at the site of the above buildings. Any further information on the subject can be had at the office of the undersigned within office hours.

Major, R.E.,
for Deputy Assistant Director of
Military Works, Bombay.
5-9-12. C10764

COURT OF WARDS OFFICE BILASPUR C. P.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that long term leases on sliding scale (vide. page 54 of Lac and Shellac by Lindsay and Harlow, Pioneer Press), of lac of the Korba and Pendra Estates in the District of Bilaspur, will be given on terms which can be seen at the Court of Wards Office, Bilaspur. Auction sale will be held at the District Court, Bilaspur, on the 24th September, 1921, at 2 p.m. Intending lessees are invited to attend the sale.

(Sd.) B. G. STEINHOFF,
Officer-in-Charge, C/W.
25-8-1921. C10716

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE LUXMI FLOUR MILLS, LIMITED.

THE STATUTORY MEETING of the Members of the above Company was held at the registered offices, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, Mr. Haji Yusuf Haji Esmail Sobani presiding, when the appointment of Messrs.. Haji Yusuf Haji Esmail Sobani, A. J. Raymond, Tricumdas Dwarkadas, M. S. Captain and Umar Sobani as Directors was confirmed, the Statutory Report was adopted and Messrs. S. B. Billimoria & Co., were appointed Auditors of the Company on a fixed remuneration. A vote of thanks to the chair terminated the proceedings of the meeting. 10779

NOTICE.

THE WEST INDIAN IMPORT CO., AND J. C. KARAKA.

ON and after the 9th Inst., the address of the above firms will be:—

NARANDAS BUILDINGS,
(2nd floor near Pathe's Buildings).
Ballard Estate.
R1296

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 9th and 10th instant, those days being Public Holidays (Parsi New Year), under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

R. A. DON,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 1st September, 1921. C10727

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "SAIGON MARU" having arrived from Japan via Hongkong Singapore and Colombo the Consignees of her Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition, unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged. Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's appointed surveyords, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. No bag cargo in single gunny will be surveyed. The bills for claims for shortage and damage are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

THE CENTURY SPINNING & MANUFACTURING CO, LTD

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 48 (Rupees forty-eight) only per share less Income Tax for the half-year ended 30th June, 1921, will be paid on or after the 29th September, 1921, to the Shareholders of the Century Spinning & Manufacturing Co., Ltd., whose names stand on the Company's Register on 19th September, 1921.

Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 19th September, 1921, to 2nd October, 1921, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
C. N. WADIA & COY.,
Agents.
The Century Spg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd.
Gresham Buildings,
Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 8th September, 1921. C10775

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPG. AND WVG CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

SALE OF WASTES.

OFFERS with 25 per cent. deposit up to 12th September, 1921, are invited by the undersigned for the disposal of the following wastes on account and risk of the respective defaulting merchants:—

1. Shaikh Jan Mahomed Jamaluddin.

	About Cwts.
Coloured Sized Large	53
Doubling Waste	27
2. Abdul Rehman Master.	
Sized Waste 2 yards	32
3. G. M. Ajmerwalla.	
Piecer Waste No. 2	9
Oily Piecer Waste	17
Oily Rags	5
Unsized waste 3 yards	7
Unsized waste 1 yard	5
Rubing waste	257

GENERAL MANAGER.
Separi Baug, Parel. C10751

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership subsisting between the undersigned MAHOMED HOOSEIN ABDUL HOOSEIN on the one hand and SALEBHAI ESMAILJI CHEAP JACK, on the other hand and carrying on its business of dealing in English Boots and Shoes under the Firm name and style of "M. Salebhoy and Company" in Lalji Mansing Building at Lohar Chawl, outside the Fort of Bombay, was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on Bhadarwa Sud 1st Samvat 1977 (3rd September, 1921) the undersigned Salebhoy Esmailjee, having retired from the said partnership; and the business of M. Salebhoy and Co., and its assets belong to the undersigned Mahomed Hoosein Abdul Hoosein, who alone shall be entitled to recover and receive all outstandings and goods belonging to the firm and whose receipt shall be a full discharge to the persons paying or delivering the same; and all debts and liabilities also of the said partnership shall be discharged by him.

MAHOMED HOOSEIN ABDUL HOOSEIN.
SALEBHAI ESMAILJI CHEAP JACK.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1921.
JEHANGIR & SEERVAI,
Attorneys for Mahomed Hussein Abdul Hoosein. C10772

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1437 of 1919.

The NATIONAL FINANCING AND COMMISSION CORPORATION, LTD., Joint Stock Company, carrying on business at the Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

versus

TULJARAM GOKALDAS DALAL, of Bambay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Fanas Wadi, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 19th day of November, 1920, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his Office in the Court House on Thursday, the 8th day of September, 1921, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.
SCHEDULE.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land with a dwelling house therein, situate at the Western side of the Sarkar Mohalla, in the Kasba of Bulsar, in Bulsar Kusba, Sub-District Bulsar, Surat District. Both the side walls of the house form part of the said house. The width of the front part of the said house from North to South is approximately eleven feet and the width thereof in the Vada from North to South about is nine feet. The length of the said house from the front to the back carves from East to West is fifty-six feet. The length of the Vada of the said house on its Northern side is 43 feet and from the Southern side is 40 feet. There is a privy built in the "Vada" of the said house and the width of the Vada up to that is nine feet and after that the width between the Government Chawky and the Vada on back part of the house adjoining on the South is 6 feet and 9 inches. There is a passage 3 feet wide behind the privy and the Government Chawky, which runs behind the house adjoining the North and meets the Government High Road and a right of way exists upon the said passage for Bhangis, cows and other cattle and persons, etc., and the said property is sold together with the said right of way. The said property is bounded on or towards the North by the house of Brijbhukandas Rajaram, on or towards the South by the house of Bhagwandas Brijmohandas, on or towards the East in the front there is a public highway, on or towards the West there is a Vada belonging to the said house after which there is the Government Chawky which is connected with the Public High Road and beyond it the said Public Road there is the temple of Shri Vithalnathji. The same bears Municipal No. 3/129.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land with the dwelling house thereon, situate at the Northern side of "Panchtadi", in the Kasba of Bulsar, in the Bulsar Taluk, Sub-Division Bulsar, in the Surat District, the width thereof from East and West on the Southern side thereof in the front door is 4¼ "Gaj" and 2 "Tasus" and the width at the back door is 4¼ "Gaj" and 2 "Tasus", the length from North to South of the portion built is 16 "Gaj" and the length of the Vada from the eaves of the back is 8 "Gaj." The width in the middle is 3¾ "Gaj" and 1 "Tasu" and at the further end the width is 3¾ "Gaj." On the North at the extremity of the Vada is the land of Raghunathji Nichabhai, etc., purchased from Gokaldas Mokandas, on the South in the front is the public high way, on the East is the house in which Narotam Zina is setting up a shop, on the West is the shop of Gokaldas Bhagwandas. Half the price of the land and Vada so bounded together with the dwelling situate thereon. The vacant ground in Lotiavad admeasuring about 4¼ "Gaj" wide from North to South and 20 "Gaj" in length on an average from East to West. To the North of it is the house of Bhanabhai Sarabhai, etc., in which resides Tamboli Jiwan. To the South is the house of Ranchod Zina on the land of Bhanabhai Sarabhai, on the East is a public High Road. To the East is the open space of land belonging to Gokaldas Makhandas bought from Goculdas Mokandas.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land known as Samla Radias Nanda, situate at the village of Nikwadi, in Bulsar Taluka, Sub-Division Bulsar, in the Surat District, bearing No. 121 and admeasuring 3 acres and 19 gunthas and Akar No. 25, and bounded on the West and South and East by a public street and on the East also by the land belonging to Lalloo Prag, and on the North by a public street with all trees thereon excepting one mango tree, assigned in charity with all the other rights belonging or appertaining thereto together with the right to draw water for the said land from a well, situate in the plot of ground bearing No. 123.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 13, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C10399

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of ANANDRAO RAMCHANDRA JAYAKER, late of Bombay a Retired Superintendent, of the Bombay Secretariat, Hindu ...Deceased.

SOKRIBAI, JAYAKER, of Bombay Hindu, residing at 130-132, Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, widow of the abovenamed deceased and BALAJI PANDURANG NAVALKAR, also of Bombay Hindu, residing at Post Office Inne, outside the Fort of Bombay, Cashier, to Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., Solicitors, the executors named in the Will of the abovenamed deceased .....Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this thirtieth day of August in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one, and in the Twelfth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 1st day of September, 1921.
Messrs. SABNIS & GOREGAOKAR.
Petitioners' Attorneys. C10774

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

129, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE THEATRICAL DRESSES ORNAMENTS FURNITURE, SAFE, ETC., TOGETHER WITH ITS GOODWILL AND RIGHT OF OCCUPANCY OF THE SHOP AT BHULESHWAR.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos Esq., Receiver in suit No. 2383 of 1921 (Dullabhji vs Nagji).

Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on FRIDAY, the 16th inst. sell by Public auction at 3 p. m. (S.T.) on the shop at Bhuleshwar opposite the Punch Mookhi temple, the following:—

All the Theatrical goods of the shop together with its furniture, safe etc.

The theatrical goods consists of rich valuable velvet and gold and silver embroidered dresses rich sceneries, purda false ornaments such as pearls, rubies, moonds and emeralds, laces, stockings, slippers, boots, pagrees, whigs, kindergarten outfits also show cases, cupboards, mirrors, chains, clocks, safes, tables, carpets etc. etc.

The above will be sold either in one lot or in separate lots to suit the requirements of the purchaser.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 192 DRUMS MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE.

Suit No. 3539 of 1919.
The Manekji Petit Mfg. Co., Ltd.
vs.
G. M. Roy and Co.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the directions given by Mr. Justice Kanga herein and under instructions from Messrs. D. M. Petit Sons and Co., Agents, The Manekji Petit Mfg. Co., Ltd., and on account and risk of the defendants herein Messrs. G. M. Roy and Co., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 12th instant, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the Mill premises at Tardeo, the following:

192 drums of "Khara Ghoda" Magnesium Chloride.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, sell by Public Auction at Pydhowni Tamba Kanta opposite Hanuman's Temple at 1 p.m. (S.T.) by order of Messrs Sorabji Hormazshaw Joshi and Co. of Surat and on account and risk of the following merchants.

On account and risk of Messrs. Jafferli Mulla Hosanbhai of Nagdevi Street.

2 cases of English bleached sewings No. 2/28s. in each 300 lbs. Bundles guaranteed to weigh 10 lbs in grey.

On account and risk of Messrs. Manecklal Choonilal and Co. of Abdulrehman Street.

2 cases of English Bleached Sewing No. 2/28s. yarn in each 300 lbs. Bundles guaranteed to weigh 10 lbs. in grey.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT SECOND KAMATIPURA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Attorneys for Mr. Abdoolhoosein Tajbhoy the sub-mortgagee and on account and risk of Mahomedally Abdulli Chhagan the sub-mortgagor and Valiji Moosaji the Mortgagor in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an indenture of mortgage dated the 13th day of October 1919 Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on MONDAY, the 3rd October will sel by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the folowing:—

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land of Government vacant ground, situate at Kamatipura Second Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 47 4/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3552 New No. 10301 Old Survey No. 3130 and New Survey No. 5902 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the house of Shaikh Abba Shaikh Chand Gavlee, on or towards the West by the house of Dewoobai Vaniaran on or towards the North by the Kamatipura Third Street and on or towards the South by the Kamatipura second Street and which said messuages or tenements are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under E Ward No 1148 and Street No. 175.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Second Kamatipura Street without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 57 7/9 and 88 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3553 and 3554 New No. 10302, 10303 Old Survey Nos. 3131 and 3132 and New Survey No. 5902, 5903, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under E Ward No 11490 and Street No. 177 and bounded as follows. On the East by the vacant ground of Esabhai Kadibhoy Bora on the West by the house of Seevaji Dharmaji Satta and Narayen Dharmaji Satta on the North by the Third Kamatipura Street and on the South by the said Kamatipura Second Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Solicitor or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF ASWAKHAN CLOTH OF VARIOUS SHADES AND COLOUR.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on WEDNESDAY the 14th inst. sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m (S T.) at their rooms at 120 Apollo Street by order of the office concerned and on account and for the risk of the concerned the following:—

Mark M. 166 Co. 1/2 Bombay 2 cases.

Black, Light Brown, and dark brown as Wakhan Cloth in each 8 pieces of different yards.

Marks M. 1847 Co. Bombay; M. 1849 Co. Bombay; M 1960 Co. Bombay—12 Bales of Black, Light Brown, Mid Brown, Dark Brown, Green Blue, Violet, Brown Gold Dark Snuff Light snuffs, Light Green colours.

Samples for the above are open for inspection of the buyers.

A deposit of 25 per cent .will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF LEATHER GOODS, BRASS GOODS, ROTARY PUMPS AND SUNDRIES.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 17th inst. sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 120 Apolo Stree by order of the offices concerned and on account and risk of the concerned the following:

1 case leather goods ex S. S. "Moshobra," containing ladies dressing cases, trays, leather Portsea Purses, Key chains, etc. and about 5½ doz. American Goggles.

1 case Brass Goods ex S. S. "Morea" containing stained half Buttons, curtain rod brackets, tassel hooks, Drawer Pulls, Glass plates, Brass Frames Cooper Rings, Hinges, Hooks, Bedstead Knots curtain hooks, Brass Bolts.

1 case Sundry ex. S. S. "Morea" containing Zyln Fish Eaters, Desert Eaters, Leather Portsea purses, Hide Bags, Ladies and Gents dressing cases about Half dozen French Goggles etc., etc.,

1 case Paragon Double Acting Semi Rotary Pumps with iron bodies and brass internal

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.—(Contd.)

fittings.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS AT SANDHURST ROAD EAST ESTATE SUITABLE FOR CINEMA HALL OR THEATRE.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on WEDNESDAY, the 5th October 1921, sel lby Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on plots Nos. 3 and 4 at Sandhurst Road, the following:—

LOT NO 1.—A very valuable Building Site known as plot No. 3 Sandhurst Road East Estate having a frontage of 60 ft. to Sandhurst Road and containing an area of 759 sq. yards.

LOT NO. 2.—A valuable corner Site known as Plot No. 4, Sandhurst Road, East Estate having a frontage of about 54 ft. to Sandhurst Road and a return frontage of about 129 ft. to 1st Pathan St. and containing an area of about 776 sq. yds,

Note:—Lots one and two will first be offered together as one lot and if not so let will be oxered separately. In the event of the two plots being let together the Board will be willing to consider any reasonable rearrangement of the building area as shown on the plan provided that (a) the open spaces on the East Coast of plot three and on the North of plots three and four are not altered, (b) the 63½ deg. rule is strictly observed and (c) the total area proposed to be built upon does not exceed that surrounded by Yellow lines on the plan.

Subject to the sanction of the Municipal Commissioner and of the Commissioner of Police being obtained the Board will not object to a well designed and and properly constructed Cinema Hall or to a Theatre being erected on the two plots if let together.

LOT NO. 3.—A valuable plot of Building land known as Plot No. 26 Sandhurst Road East Estate having a frontage of about 85 ft. to Dharamsey Street containing an area of about 576 sq. yards.

Shops and godowns will be allowed to be built on these plots and Nahanis will also be allowed in the Rooms.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and plans and agreement of sale apply to the Trust Engineers at Improvement Trust Office or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 9th September 1921.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

WEEKLY SALE

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 12th September, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street Fort, the following:—

Household and office furnitures such as drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, arm and armless chairs, mirror door, cupboards, writing and dressing tables, fancy teapoys, cupboards, bookstands, chest drawers, etc.

By order of the Insurance Office concerned:—

270 pieces Jap. superior drill and shirtings.

By order of the concerned:—

5 cases tea dust.
6 cases enamelledware (Austrian).
5 cases selected chocolates.
1 case rivets.
Carriages, horses, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KALA CHOWKY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Unwala, Piroishaw and Papa, Solicitors for Goostad Khodadad Irani in pursuant to the decree made on the 18th February 1921, in Suit No. 3096 of 1921 Goostad Khodabad Irani vs. Hajee Ismail Hajee Yusuf, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned valuable property on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser the said Hajee Ismail Yusuf on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of September 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, situate at Kala Chawki Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 870 8/9 square yards or thereabout, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. New Nos. Old Survey No. New Survey No 2508, together with the messnage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward F Nos. 1671, 10, 10A and 10B, Street Nos. 31, 31 and 31 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Marloo on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of the said Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited and on or towards the South by the said Kala Chawki Road, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of the Vendor.

For further particulars of sale apply to Messrs. Unwala Piroishaw and Papa, Solicitors, at their Office, 48 Medows Street, or the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 8th September, 1921.

COLLARS :—
Glased, froned turned b l shinery with tip top finish at one anna each (not less than 3).
Diamond Jubilee Washing Co.
Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY 1

BEWARE OF IMITATORS
Always use our
WORLD-RENOWNED
HAIR OILS
Reg. No. 1
Pari Chhap, Nagar, Natangi, Aula and Kapol As. Eight and Rupee one per bottle
Try to make your eyes like Electric light
Always use our
World-renowned Real Pearl Surma

RED SURMA

It cures all sorts of eye diseases and also styes, Soreness, Opthalmic irritis, Cataract spots, etc and makes eye cool and brilliant. Rs. 50 per one Tola. Sample bottle Re 1 one only.
MEGHJI HARIDAS Co.
Opp. Madhav Baug, Khakhar Buildings
BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS MEHTA & CO.

(Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS HOUSE BUILDERS TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS. AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 2 TONS RANGOON TEAK SCANTLINGS.

THIS DAY THURSDAY the 8th Sept., 1921, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Hiralal Badrinarayan at his godown at Tank Bunder and on account and at the risk of Vully Mahomed Joosab Gooljar.

About 2 tons Rangoon teak scantlings.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS HOUSE BUILDERS TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS. AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 50 TO 55 TONS MOULMEIN TEAK SCANTALINGS AND PATLIS.

THIS DAY THURSDAY the 8th Sept., 1921, at 4 p.m. Messrs MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Hiralal Badrinarayan at his godown at Tank Bundet and on account and at the risk of (1) Vully Mahomed Joosab (2) Mahomed Ebrahim and (3) Adam Hamid who were trading in the name of Bava Mahomed Guljar.

About 50 to 55 Moulmein teak scantalings and pattis.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CAVEL STREET.

On MONDAY, the 12th September, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the premises the undermentioned very valuable landed property under instructions from Messrs. N. C. DALAL and Co., Attorneys for the second mortgagee Mr. Lunidassing Khiyasing Lalsing and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Ramdas Maganlal and by virtue of and in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said mortgagee under an Indenture dated 26th October 1920.

All that piece or parcel of land of Fazandari tenure containing by admeasurement 217 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 605, New No. 2829, Old Survey No. 210 and New Survey No. 214 together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under ward No. 3652 and Street No. 19 and all which premises are situated at and on the Western side of Cavel Street Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Ranchhoddas Amtha, on or towards the West by the property of Chaturbhuj Morarji and on or towards the North by the property of Alexandra Perera and on or towards the South by the property of Kandas Manchharam.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had of Messrs. N. C. Dalal and Co., Attorneys for the said Mortgagee at their office No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, or of the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CARS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25 Medows Street, Fort, by order of the concerned:—

One "Humber" Motor Car, 4 seater.

One "Fiat" Motor Car recently painted and overhauled.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 8th September, 1921.

"CHINA SILK"

22" broad and 10 yards long piece suitable for two suits or two gowns delivered free at any Indian Post Office for Rs. 40 only.

MANOHAR & CO.,
(c) BOMBAY No. 14.

THE COMPLAINT

from which you probably suffer most is Indigestion. As the possession of good digestive powers is almost a guarantee of excellent general health, you should never allow indigestion in any form to continue, or it will go from bad to worse. It is essential without delay to seek

THE REMEDY

and fortunately you have not far to go. Beecham's Pills, which are almost at your door, will in all probability prove a perfect medicine for you and relieve you of all such troubles as biliousness nausea, pain after eating, weak stomach, impaired appetite, constipation and the resulting evils of run down health and depression of spirits. There is good reason for the popularity of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Prepared only by

THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lanc.

Sold everywhere

In boxes. Prices : As. 8, As. 12, and Rs. 2

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON,

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

Liverpool 5th September, 1921

	Sales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool,	40,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	—
" " Sales of East Indian	2000
" " Imports	—
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:—	
Egyptian F. G. F. Spot active request	22 26
Sakels	20 00

CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, 5th September, 1921

Months	To-day's Prices
September	12 19
October	12 15
November	12 09
December	12 07
January	11 95
February	11 89
March	11 81
April	11 74
May	11 68
June	11 60
July	11 55
August	11 45

Tone:—Firm.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, 5th September, 1921.

Months	To-days Prices.
Sept.	19 45
Oct.	19 47
Nov.	19 60
Dec.	19 78
Jan.	19 55
Feb.	19 50
Mar.	19 95

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, 5th September, 1921.

M. G. Bengal, Good	7.15
" " Fully Good	7.65
" " Fine	7.90
" " No. 1 Oomra, Good	8.50
" " " Fully Good	8.00
" " " Fine	9.25
M.G. Broach, Good	10.05
" " Fully Good	10 30
" " Fine	10.55
" Solids, Good	7.02
" " " Fully Good	7.53
" " Fine	7.78

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, 6th Sept. 1921

Futures at New York.	Oct.	19 83
	Jan.	20 13
	Mar.	20 46

Liverpool, 6th Sept. 1921.

Liverpool	Oct.	13 00
	[illegible]	12 76
	[illegible]	12 53
	May	12 41

London, 6th Sept. 1921.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/4 7/8 Steady
Bar Gold	£ 5 10 9 Quiet
Bar Silver Spot	39 1/8 Quiet

MONEY MARKET.

London, 5th September, 1921.

Banks 3%	38 1/2
Bar Silver Spot	38 7/8
" 2 months hence	38 1/8
Closing rate of Silver:—Indian buiyng	Steady.
Bar Gold (per oz)	—
Interest day to day loans	2 3/4
" 7 day Market loans	3 3/4
Discount Bank of England Rate	5 1/2

[illegible] 21st July 1921.

London 5th September, 1921

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£ 69
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£ 69
Copper Braziers	£ 100
Yellow Metal	£ 9 1/4
Hard Spelter	£ 20 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	£ 29 1/2

EXCHANGE.

WAR LOANS, ETC.

Funding Loans 4% 1960/90	£71 3/8
Victory Bounds 4%	£ 75 1/2 xd
War Loans 5% 1929/47	£88 1/4
Consols 2 1/2%	£ 47 5/8 xd
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	£ 41
Indian Stock-3 1/2% Sterling Loans	£57 1/2 xd
Government Securities 3%	£ 49 3/4 xd
Indian War Loan 7 per cent	£ 102 3/4 xd

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Oct. Nov.	12 1/2
Plantation first Latex Crepe Sept. Sellers Paid	8 3/4

Tone:—Fully Steady-Fair business

Mid American spot	11 70

London, 5th September, 1921

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Sugar 16/18 C & F Calcutta	19/0 Sellers Sept. Oct.
Fine White Java, C. & F Calcutta Oct. Sellers	23/0
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Oct. Sellers	24/0
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Oct. Sellers	24/3

Tone:—

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Sep. 7.

In accordance with 200 points reported higher in New York futures today the Marwari Bazar opened this morning strong at Rs. 496 for Fully Good M. G. Broach April-May and steadily declined till Rs. 485. it then advanced till Rs 493 which was the rate at 3-30 p.m. The Bazar then again declined to Rs. 490 and finally closed at Rs. 493½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 492¼ and closed at Rs. 491¼. Fine M. G. Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 445 and declined till Rs. 435 again advancing till Rs. 442. Fine M. G. Oomra September opened at Rs. 455 and advanced till Rs. 465.

Our market for ready cotton was closed for two days. It opens to-day with a strong feelin gowing to violent advances reported from New York and Liverpool.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Bombay, 7th Sept, 1921.

New Fully Good Broach April-May,	491 1/2
Fully Good Bengal, September	335
Fine Oomra's,—September	467
" " Dec.-Jany.	440

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 7th Sept. 1921.

F. G. Broach April-May,	490
Fully Good Bengal September	335
Fine Oomra's September.	465
" " Dec.-Jany.	440

SPOT QUOTATION.

Bombay, 7th Sept. 1921.

Description	Super-Fine	F. Good			
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	355	340	325	—	
M. G. Oomra's No. 4	470	460	440	—	—
M.G. Central P. No. 1	500	490	477	—	—
M.G. Central P. No. 2	485	475	455	—	—
M.G. Broach	—	—	440	430	415	—
Southerns 7	—	—	—	425	415	40

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 2 p.m. on 6th September 1921:

Cotton	6123	Bales.
Wheat	3613	Qrts.
Linseed	3416	"
Rapeseed	12	"
Gingellyseed	385	"
Poppyseed	310	"
Groundnuts	859	"
Castorseed	758	"
Rice	990	"
Myrabolams	111	"
Cottonseed	440	"
Mowrahseed	Nil.	"
Gram	3039	"
Jawar	881	"
Maize	Nil	"
Barley	Nil	"
Bajra	1265	"
Gunny	14424	Bales.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 7th Sept, 1921.

	Market Rates.
	3-30 p. m.
Bank Telegraphic	1-4 5/8
Bank Demand	1 4 21/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1-5 1/3
Fcs. Demand	25
American Dollars	397
Honkong Dollars	200
Shanghai	279
Japan	187
Singapore	168

Market Steady.

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

7th Sept. 1921.

Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass 3/4	78	0	0
Do. 1	78	0	0
Do. 1 1/4	78	0	0
Do. 1 1/2	78	0	0
Do. 1 3/4	82	0	0
Do. 2	82	0	0

COPPER RATES.

Bombay, 7th Sept. 1921.

per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper 3/4	82	0	0
Do. 1	83	8	0
Do. 1 1/4	83	0	0
Do. 1 1/2	83	0	0
Do. 1 3/4	83	0	0
Do. 2	83	0	0
Japanese Copper Bolts	—		not
Patch tabs [illegible]	22	0	0
Copper English Bolts	59	0	0
Brass Bolts,	38	0	0
Dead	47	0	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations Bazaar Rates.

6-0 p.m. 3rd September 1921 Bazaar Terms

Ready	Rs.	a	p
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	85	0	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70 30	85	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	83	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	12	8	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	12	8	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	13	8	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	15	8	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	13	12	0
Teaseed, White 28-15	82	0	0
Teaseed, Gajar 75-25	80	0	0
Teaseed, Black	70	0	0
Teaseed, Gajar 50-50	75	0	0
Poppyseed, White	15	8	0
Groundnuts	83	0	0
Jawa	84	0	0
Mowrasseed	8	8	0
Castorseed	58	0	0
wheat September	11	8	0
Linseed May.	16	14	0
Linseeds Septembor	18	0	0
Wheat May	11	10	0
Forward	Rs.	a.	p.
War Cotton Seeds ready delivery	44	0	0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

REPORT BULLION.

Bombay, Sept. 7.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 29-10-6.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 29|10|6.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 95-0-0.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 95-0.0.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 94-4-6.

EXCHANGE.

On London.—Bank's selling T. T 1/4-23/32.
Bank's selling D. D. 1/4 3/4.
Bank buying 3 M/st D. A. 1/5-1/8.
Bank's buying T T 1/4-25|32.
Bank's buying D. D. 1/4-13/16..
Tone of Exchange. steady.
On Paris.—Bank's seling D. D. Frcs. 336.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 356.
Bank's buying D D. Frcs. 346.
On Japan. Bank's selling T. T. Rs. 187.
Bank's buying 60 D/st. D. P. Rs. 179.
On Hongkong. Bank's selling D D. Rs. 200.
On Shanghai. Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 276
On Singapore. Bank's selling D D Rs. 168.
On New York. Bank's selling D. D. Rs. 390.
London Gold ready Rs. 110-9.
London Silver ready Rs. 39-2 d
London Silver forward Rs. 38-6d.
Tone of Silver. Dull, India bought.
American Cross rate on London. Dols 3.71.
Paris Cross rate on London. Frcs. 48.87.
Italian Cross rate on London. 85.90..
Swiss Cross rate on London. 21.8.
German Cross rate on London. Mrks. 345.
Belgium Cross rate on London. 49.70.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47. 84.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1922 100-10.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 76.
4 pe rcent. Terminable Loan 97.
3½ per cent. Paper 59-8.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974. 65.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930, 96 .
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 65.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-47. 96.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, 65.

SHARES.

The market was closed to-day.

Not a fiction—but a fact!

"GOVINDJI"

OCCUPIES THE FIRST POSITION IN THE

'CONFECTIONERY WORLD'

CHOICEST VARIETIES FOR THE

PARSI 'PATETI'

Halwa Books & Albums—
Halwa, Fruits—
Halwa Plates and Dishes.
Fancy Assorted Boxes—
Decorated Maisur—
Cream Ghaivar—
Cream Khaja-Best Suterfaini-Mava Fishes etc.,etc.

GOVINDJI

THE NATION'S CONFECTIONER

CHIRA BAZAR AND GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY.

Tel. Add. 'SWEETMEAT' Phone 1656.

PLEASE NOTE

WE ARE DAILY RECEIVING

LARGE STOCK OF

HAND LOOM & HAND SPUN

KHADER

AND

IN SPITE OF THE GREAT DEMANDS

We are in a Position

TO SUPPLY

CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE

KHADER—From As. 7 per Yard
CAPS—As. 8 Each

SEWING CHARGES

COATS—Rs. 2-8 Each
TROUSERS—Rs. 1-8 Pair
SHIRTS—Rs. 0-12 Each
ORDINARY SADRAS—Rs. 0-6 Each

THE

Shrikrishna Stores Co.,

LIMITED.

KRISHNA BUILDING

Hornby Road, Fort,

BOMBAY.

SAFES AND LOCKS

During the last Disastrous fire in th Mulji Jetha Market. Only India Safe Manufacturing Co.'s Safes remaine intact.

Our Safes are being used by the following well-known firms, etc.

THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Messrs. Lawrence and Mayo, Ltd (Simls) Messrs. S. Gahagan & Co. Messrs Khatao Makenji & Co. Nasarwanji P Karani, Esqr., (Partner of Messrs. Batliwala and Karani, Share and Stock Brokers.

Soliciting inquiries and orders.

INDIA SAFE MANUFACTURING, CO.

Show Room:—290, Shaik Memon Street Near Mulji Jetha Market.

Factory:—Jacob's Circle, Clerk Road Near Simplex Mills BOMBAY.

STARTING TO-MORROW!!

THE SEVEN-WEEK CINEMA FEAST

OF

MESSRS. K. D. & BROTHERS'

"BIGGEST SEVEN"

Mark the commencement of the Cinema Feast! From Friday, the 9th September, and onwards, there will be

ONE SUMPTUOUS SUPER-PRODUCTION EVERY ONE WEEK!

Starring in each week

ONE OF "THE BIGGEST SEVEN" STARS OF THE WORLD!

TO-MORROW!!

FIRST WEEK

(Commencing FRIDAY, 9th September.)

"WHY CHANGE YOUR WIFE."

A Paramount Artcraft Production, featuring GLORIA SWANSON and THOMAS MEIGHAN of the "Male and Female" fame produced by Cecil B De Mille.

FOR OTHER 6 STAR PROGRAMMES, WATCH FUTURE ADVERTISEMENTS

AT THE

WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR
MAURICE E BANDMAN presents the
Bandman Comedy Company
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p. m.
The World-wide Success.
"Romance"
By Edward Sheldon.
Booking at ROSE & Co. upto 6 p. m.
After 7 p. m. at the Theatre.

Cinema at 6-30 p. m.
THE GREATER SINNER
A Sympathetic story showing the evils of Drink. A story of a Girl's First and her Last Drink

THE EMPIRE
To-day at 6-30 ; 8-15 and 10 p. m.
Mary Pickford
in
"Rebecca of Sunny brook Farm"
THE WORLD'S SWEETHEART

NEXT WEEK AT THE
EMPIRE
Daily Change of Programme
A Week's Repertoire for the Holiday Week
Madan Theatres Ltd. has the honour to present on
Friday 9th September at 4-30. 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"1001 NIGHTS"
OR
'THE SULTANESS OF LOVE,
No. 1 of the "Big 5" Pathe's Latest Super Production. An Oriental Pathe-Color Picture
Saturday 10 September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
An all CHAPLIN Programme. Reappearance of ever popular comedian in his past best and Greatest chaplin success.
Sunday 11th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"THE IDOL DANCER"
No. 2 of the "Big 5". A Love Story of Southern Seas. Produced by D.W. Griffith.
Monday 12th September at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"QUEEN OF THE SEA"
A submarine phantasy and the world's triumph in the photoplay art.
Tuesday 13th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
'BACK TO GOD'S COUNTRY'
Featuring the brilliant Star Nell Shipman A Tale of Love and Villainy acted with 16 kinds of wild animals in it
Wednesday 14th September at 6-30 8-15 and 10 p. m.
SEALED ORDERS"
William Brady's most pretentious film feature Featuring a gallaxy of stars including Kitty Gordon
Thursday 15th September at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
"THE TRIUMPH OF VENUS"
The unanimosly admitted sensation Wondrously appealing and fascinating, blending of the "Fairy Land" and "Never Never Land" for the children.
Friday 16th September at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p. m,
"DADDY LONGLEGS"
A Mary Pickford Classic Will rock you with Laughter.

IMPERIAL
TO-NIGHT
A PATHE PHOTOPLAY
SHE DID THE WRONG THING AT THE RIGHT TIME
Coming from DIXIE, inquest of her YANKEE Knights "IN WALKED MARY" at the height of his gay bachelor party. And it complicated matters for him and for her, But with a heartful of romance she found the key to his locked heart
SHE'LL UNLOCK YOUR HEART AND WALK IN So too Come and see
"IN WALKED MARY"
featuring winsome
JUNE CAPRICE
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest News
MAMA'S BOY
Poland Comic
commencing next week
A PATHE SERIAL
Charlie Hutchison in
"DOUBLE ADVENTURE"
TIME
Daily 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5 p. m. Sunday at 3 30 & 5-15 p. m.
PRICES AS USUAL
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

AMUSEMENTS

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
Mrs. SAROJINI NAIDU, Mr. MARMADUKE PICKTHALL AND OTHER LEADING CITIZENS OF BOMBAY.
Cinema Majestic
Charity Performance !
Charity Performance !!
IN AID OF
KHULNA FAMINE FUND
Enjoy the Cinema and Relieve the Distressed.
Charity and Pleasure at the same Time.
THURSDAY 5-50 p. m.
THURSDAY 5-50 p. m.
THURSDAY 5-50 p. m.
THE GREAT MYTHOLOGICAL DRAMA
Bhakta Vidur
Bhakta Vidur
Bhakta Vidur
SEE THE CHARKHA
The Wheel of Fortune !
The Wheel of Swaraj !!
A Succour to the Distressed !!!
Special Reserved Box Seats
Rs. 5 each Seat
Can be had in the "Bombay Chronicle' Office on application. Only a limited number of these seats available.

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE !
Our huge treble-barreled Programme !
Consisting of
(1) ONE INDIAN MYTHOLOGICAL DRAMA.
(2) ONE SWADESHI MOVING PICTURE.
(3) ONE AMERICAN SERIAL.
Messrs. K. D. and Brothers rejoice to be able to offer to their Patrons of th "Globe' a monster three-fold Picture Bill..
"Krishna Kumar"
OR
"Pradyumna"
6 Reels—A Hindu Religious Film produced by the Bharat Cinema Film Company.
Also 2 Fresh E... s (4000 feet) of our popular ... Serial
"The Carter Case"
THE SATYAGRAHA OF MAVLAS 'AT MULSHI PETH
Special Timings To-day. 4-30; 6-30; 8-30; and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
GLOBE CINEMA
(Sandhurst Road)

THE EMPRESS
To-day at 6-30 ; ; 8-15 ; and 10 p.m.
WORLD PICTURES
present
EARL METCALFE
and
VIRGINIA HAMMOND
in
"THE BATTLER"
He wasn't a Dempsey but he could go some.

LAST DAY!
THE STORY OF A GREAT LOVE !
The most powerful Drama ever screened of how a woman revenged herself on the man who deceived her !
Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present
"The Broken Butterfly"
a masterpiece of love and pathos, adapted from the great story by Penelope Knapp, produced under the direction of the great master of screen drama Maurice Tourneur,d
A MUSICAL MASTER-PIECE
Inspired by the thunderous crash of a storm.
It is the soul of a genus power into a most inspiring story of a great love and a great sacrifice.
A Comedy in the Programme.
Four Shows To-day at 5-30, 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)
West-End Cinema,
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

PEPS
To ward off the perils of uncertain weather or chilly nights and mornings, everyone needs the chest-strengthening medicine which is conveyed direct from a Peps tablet through the breathing tubes to the lungs. Whenever a fit of sneezing, a tickling cough, or an attack of shivering gives warning of a fresh cold or chill, take a Peps tablet from its silver wrapper and place it on the tongue.
Then certain novel medicinal fumes will be given off and breathed with the air down the throat into the lungs.
THE WONDERFUL BREATHE-ABLE MEDICINE
soothes the delicate air-passages, and it not only stops the cough by clearing the phlegm from the bronchial tubes, but provides the throat and chest with a perfect defence against the germs that cause coughs, colds, chills, influenza, pneumonia, and even more serious chest complaints.
Peps reach the seat of chest trouble in the only way it is naturally possible to do so—by breathing—and are the absolutely unique throat and chest remedy.
Of all chemists and medicine vendors at R1 per bottle. Post free for R1.8. direct from The Peps Co., 9, Dalhousie Square, CALCUTTA.
For COUGHS COLDS & BRONCHITIS

The Greatest Friend of the Students,
Our World-renowned ATANK NIGRAH PILLS are the greatest Friend of Students as they sharpen the memory, refill the empty brain, impart fresh vigour and give tone to the entire system.
A TIN WITH 32 PILLS
Costs only a Rupee.
Vaidya Shastri Manishankar Govindji,
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar, Kathiawar
Bombay- Kalbadevi

Fits-U Eyeglasses
It goes without saying that
Ballwalla & Homi
who have their Show-rooms at Horaby Road opposite Whiteaway, and Kalbadevi Road are the
LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY.
Enterprize and progress are their watch words and if you are in need of anything the newest, the latest in the Spectacle Line you cannot do better than have a peep in one of their Show-rooms
They possess unrivalled testimonials from such high personages as H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, H. H. the Raja of Jawhar, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, the Hon. Sir D. D. Daver, Justice of the High Court, the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Bart.' Sir D. J Tata and a host of others, some to the effect that their compliicated Lenses which could not be got anywhere else in India, were supplied on demand by BALIWALLA & HOMI the workmanship of which is as good as any of Europe or America.
They have the unique distinction of having won more than one gold medal, for superb craftsmanship.

HIGHHANDEDNESS IN JUNAGADH STATE.

MR. A. V. THAKKAR'S BITTER EXPERIENCE.

Mr. Amritlal V. Thakkar of the Servants of India Society writes as follows in the "Kathiawad Times," under date August 24, from Veraval:—

This morning with my host and another gentleman, I went from Patan to Veraval (2 miles) in a tonga. Our tonga was stopped by a policeman at the gate of the town. I was asked where I came from, and when I replied that I came from Amreli. My tongawala was ordered to drive to the Fouzdar's quarters. I asked the tongawala not to submit to the policeman's order, yet he began to drive as ordered by him. Seeing that he was driving against my wish I and my freinds got down from the tonga. The policeman than ran and called another policeman, who requested me to go to the Fouzdar's house, which was near. I refused to go there at the bidding of the Fouzdar. Last night a police man had called on my host at Patan, under instruction from Veraval Fouzdar, and all necessary information was given to him about my mission, about what I intended to do this morning and where I was bound. This information must have been at his disposal, still he had ordered his men to force me to go to him. I said I will not move an inch from my place unless physically compelled to do so. Word was sent by the policeman to that effect to the Fouzdar. In the meantime half a dozen police men surrounded me and they all asked me to go to the Fouzdar. as they had orders to take me to him. I persistently refused Thereafter one fo the policemen caught hold of my host by the hand and begun to drag him towards the Fouzdar's house. He got out of his hold and saw he too was not willing to go there under compulsion. Mr. Mulshenker, the Municipal Secretary happened to arrive there and asked the policemen not to use force on my host. In the mean-time the Fouzdar came on the scene and ordered me to go to his office. I refused on the ground that he cannot order me to go to his office. He there upon dragged me by the hand and took me by force to his office. I did not resist further and the whole party went to his office.

I was asked in his office in a very insolent way as to why I came to a Native State and said that agitators like me should not come into the territory of H. H. the Nawab Saheb of Junagad. When asked him if there was a rule or law to that effect, he said be did not care for that and that I should leave Veraval at once. On his asking me my name, profession, my residence, the place of my society and my business in Veraval, I gave him all details. I told him that he had got all that information already from a policeman that he deputed the previous night to me at Patan, and asked him where was the necessity of making all that fuss and using force on me. He replied he did not depute any one, though later on he said some body may have called. He said it was my duty to obey the Fouzdar's order to go to him, and to bring and order from the Nawab Saheb if I wanted to carry on agitation. My saying that I was not an agitator had naturally no effect on him.

The agitation that he attended to was a cast meeting of Khawas that was arranged for that morning. when I was to talk to them about abstinence from drink. The Fouzdar said "Even if you go to the Khawas' caste meeting, no body would hear you," suggesting there by that he had arranged that they shall not assemble. He repeatedly and with loss of temper asked me to leave Veraval at once and immediately.

He threatened my host in various ways. He asked him not to harbour agitators like me and asked him why he did not ask me, his guest, to report himself to the Police Fouzdar. I intervened and replied "he could not compel me to go any where against my wish."

The Fouzdar admitted that abstinence from drink was good, but that he could not allow that sort of agitation without orders from his superiors, meaning thereby, he could not allow my talking to the Khawas in their mandvi in a private meeting.

In order not to create any further scene, my companions and I resolved not to go to the Khawas' meeting. which could not possible, have met, and returned to Patan after visiting the Dharamsala near the station. There I learnt that to travellers one a Deccani and the other a Mahomedan, possibly from Bombay, were taken to the Fouzdar last night and intimidated about their visit to Veraval. I do not know these men and the Fouzdar must have been under the impression that they were connected with me and my work. It was reported that they too were illtreated. A Policeman followed us to the Dharamsala and another followed us to Patan.

We left for Kodinar at about 12 noon after taking our meal.

General and expert advisory committees for advising students intending to proceed abroad for purposes of study have been reconstructed by the inclusion of young Indian professors recently returned to the U. P. from abroad and persons with recent experience of foreign countries under the presidentship of Sir Grimwood Mears, Chief Justice, Mr. R. K. Sorabji continuing as Secretary.—(A. P.)

* * * *

Sir Arnold Wilson left Rangoon on Friday afternoon for Calcutta. (A. P.)

A Rangoon message of Sept. 3 says:—"Government's scheme of assistance to rubber estates by guaranteeing advances by parts is annouced. Total guarantee us limited to 20 lakhs maximum at Rs. 240 per acre on rubber planted before six years and upwards. Guarantee covers over a period of two years from 1st August 1921. Advances must not be used for bringing new acres under cultivation.

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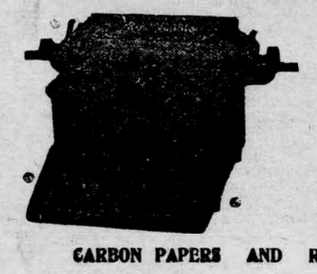
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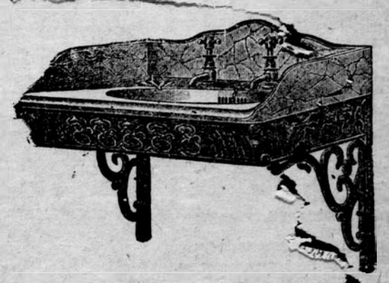
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POONA RACES.

FIRST MEETING--THIRD DAY.

VALLANCE WINS THE BIG SPRINT EVENT.

A long card of nine events prevented visitors by the 1st class special from arriving in time for the 1st Race which was won by Archer. This accounts for my not being able to descrine the race or comment on it.

The next was a terms affair in which Dartmoor was sent out again to publicly disgrace himself. I hope yet to justify these comments on Dartmoor hence my singling him out for special mention.

The whole lot saddled up for the 3rd event which gave Mametz a somewhat lucky win. Morris fancied he had the race won a few yards from home when Mametz swooped down on him and though Morris did succeed in getting Millmount going again he lost by a short head. Barden certainly deserves great credit for his riding, for he got away very badly and at the early stages of the race, was second last. Heir-at-Law was running on at the finish and will be heard of before long.

The Barnett Plate over 7 furlongs gave trainer Firth his first win of the season. From the way she won, Little Trout is certain to be to the fore again before the season is out.

The Kooleb win in the next event compels me to ask what this animal was doing last Saturday when with 7-12 he runs 3rd in 1 min. 23 secs., 1¼ lengths and a head behind the winner. To-day with 8-8 he was pulling up from somewhere near the bend when McPherson was peeping at the others from under his arm and eventually wins hard held by 6 lengths in 1 min. 23 3/5 secs.

The jump race saw Mr. Fawcett, fresh from his recent victories in Calcutta, ride the winner Traveller. Mr. Fawcett also rode, Lord Setay earlier in the afternoon and I am certain he is as capable a horseman as most of those who don silk and style themselves as Jockeys.

The biggest dividend of the day was provided by Vallance winning the Ganeshkind Plate, handicap for the first division brigades.

How he went out at this absured and false price beats me. The last time he was out, he got away very badly and then ran 5th and in my selections yesterday morning I could only see Verge beating him provided W. Huxley had the mount.

By his running 4th from none too good a position at the bend Western Wave is soon likely to get a winning bracket.

The Handicap for 3 year olds only, saw The Count decisively beaten, which proves him to be no more than an ordinary 3rd class performer at present. In this race Mary's Lamb when going well coming into the straight ran wide at the bend or should have been well up at the finish.

The concluding event saw Huntsman, ridden with remarkable judgment by Mitchell, just beat Kitchener on the post by a head. From a poor start and with a difficult passage he gradually worked his way up and Mitchell's head victory was the work of an artist.

By this win I think my remarks re Huntsman's running at the 5th Extra are more than justified.

My timings in two of the afternoon's events differ considerably from those of the official time-keeper, though in the others we agree or the difference is only 1/5 sec.

I made Andolis' timing 1 min. 38 secs. against 1 min. 37 1/5 and Little Trout's 1 min. 29 3/5 and not 1 min. 28 2/5. A second time-keeper on the other side or that long felt want of an electric clock, is the only means of obtaining reliable clocking.

Details:—

THE GALWAY PLATE. (Div. I.) Distance 1¼ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 7,000; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division

Mr. R. R. S.'s ACHER 9-6 McPherson 1
Mr. Feroze J. Mulla Feroze's CHARLES WILLIAM 7-0 Bona 2
Mr. Sangobas Jesrab's RAMADAN 8-13 Riley ..... K 3
Mr. A. M. Khairaz and A. S Fezi's LAODICEA 8-9, J. R. Flynn 4

Also Ran:—White Bell 9/0, Spearwood 9/0, Wild Woman 8/10, Fashion Plate 8/1, Quarterly 8/8, Japanese Pine 8/6 Belstead 8/2, Flotelle 8/2, Limehouse Lights 8/0, Kilcloon 7/12 Another Night 7/11, Way of an Eagle 7/10, White Simon 7/5 Easter Holiday 7/2.

The Race.—This race was run before passengers by the Special could arrive at the course. From accounts received however start of this race was stigmatised as the worst of the season. Way of an Eagle suffered most and exploded his chances, Charles William I was told was unfortunate in losing by a head 1 length between 2nd and 3rd and 1 length between 3rd and 4th.

1st Tote paid Rs. 124-8 for win and Rs. 31-8 Rs. 45-8 and Rs. 31 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 44/8 for win and Rs. 16/8 Rs. 22-8 and Rs. 14 for places.

Time:—2 min. 10 3/5secs.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE. Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under, 14 hands to carry 8st 5lbs. March, 1919, of a flat race value Rs. 3,/00 or over, once, 4 lbs.; twice, 7 lbs.; oftener, 12lbs. Winners since the above date of races of the aggregate value of Rs 1,000 or over 5lbs. in addition to above penalties. Allowances. —Maidens 4 lbs.; Ponies landed on or since 1st July, 192, direct from the country of foaling 4 lbs., in addition to any landing allowance.

Mr. Jarulla Bin Talib's . ANDOLIS 8/12, Bowley 1
Br. Brave's SUMMERTON 8-5 Herbert 2
Mr. A. S. Fezi's NEVERMIND 8-1 J. R. Flynn 3
The Nvaraja of Kolhapur's Dartmoor 9-10 Lambert 2

Also Ran:—Warminster 8/12 Tiger 8/1, Beadmaker 7/7, All Clear 7/7 and Honeysuckle 7/3.

The Race:—Warminster dwelt, Summerton and Tiger followed by Andolis was the order for a couple of furlongs. Coming to the bend Tiger fell back and All Clear and Dartmoor followed Summerton and Andolis. As they entered the straight Andolis took the lead chased by Summerton and Nevermind with Dartmoor under the whip. None of the mcoul dpace it out with Andolis who won very easily by 2 length neck 1/2 length.

1st Tote paid Rs. 26 for win and Rs. 14-8, 69 and Rs. 23 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 12-8 for win and Rs. 7-8 Rs. 27-8 and Rs. 13-8 for places.

Time:—1 min. 37 1/5secs.

THE GALWAY PLATE. Div. II). Distance 1½ miles.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500.

Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' MAMETZ 9-8 Barden 1
Mr. Frank's MILLMOUNT 9-3 Morris ... 2
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore SANDRA 8/4, Easton 3
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' Gentle Saxon 8-4, J. G. Meekings 4

Also Ran:—Gipsy's Advice 9/3, Penny Pie 9/1, Lwow 8/13, Joponette 8-12, Beggar Prince 8/10 Heir-at-Law 8/10, Matchlock King's Own 7/11, Kaloolah 7/10, My Patsey 7/10, Magical Mike 7/8, Hibernia 7/0.

The Race:—Beggar Prince planted and got left. Gentle Saxon, Kaloolah, Magical Mike, Millmount was the order. These four got a long way ahead of their field till the bend when they closed in on the leaders. Here Millmount and Sandra from 4th and 5th got to the front with Gentle Saxon next and Heir-at-Law coming up fast on the rails. From the distance Mametz came with a great rush and catching Morris asleep slipped passed him to win by a nose in spite of a determined effort to get Millmount going again. Won by a short head, one length, head.

1st Tote paid Rs. 87-8 for win and Rs. 34-8 1st Tote Paid Rs. 87-8 for win and Rs. Rs. 20 and Rs. 26 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 41-8 for win and Rs. 15-8 Rs. 11 and Rs. 18 for places.

Time.—1mins. 10 secs.

THE BURNETT PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner, Rs 6,000; second, Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in the 2nd Division.

Mr. E. A. Gubbay's LITTLE TROUT 7-8 Townsend 1
Mrs. J. L. Ainsworth's VERNA 7-5 car. Mrs. J. L. Ainsworth's VERNA 7-5 car. 7-6 Bullock 2
Mr. M Goculdass' FITZCLARENCE 8-5 Purtoosingh 3
Mr. Heath's Viola 8-11 McPherson 4

Also Ran:—Lord Setay 9/12, Caraway 9/7, Fretwork 9/4, Little Cell 8/11 Pompano 8/5, Christmas Holiday 8-5, Treasury 8-2, Gunning 7-13, Anthracite 7-12, Broadford 7-12, Pine Tree 7-2.

The Race:—From a good start Pompana was quickest to find his legs with Little Trout next for a few yards when Broadford displaced him and the two led their field with Little Trout, Treasury and Verna close up. Turning into the straight Pompano and Broadford were still leading, with Little Trout close behind, Viola and Fitzclarence coming up. From th edistance Little Trout drew away to win easily by 1½ lengths, head neck.

1st Tote paid Rs. 67 for win and Rs. 19, Rs. 95-8 an dRs. 22-8 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 26 for win and Rs. 15, Rs. 15 and Rs. 17-8 for places.

Time:—1 min. 28 3/5secs.

THE CECIL GRAY PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,250; third Rs 750. For Arab ponies 14 hands and under imported direct from the country of foaling on or since 1st July, 1920. 14 hands to carry 9st. W. I (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Penalties.—Winners once, 4 lbs.; twice, 7lbs.; oftener 10lbs. Winner of the Melton Plate or Second Dealers' Plate (Bombay 1921) or Dealers' New Plate (Poona 1921), 7lbs. in addition to above penalties. (Not accumulative)

Mr. Heath's KOOLEB 8-8 MmPherson 1
Mr. Parulla bin Talib's FAREEK 8-6 Bowley 2
Mr. Reuben Solomon's ROMEO 9-0 Purtoo Singh 3
Mr. Malik's Tantalus 8-10 A. T. Harrison 4

Also Ran:—Moyeed 9/1, Monitor 9/0, Monarch 8/10, Firjah 8/10, Eagle 8/10, Anit 8-6 Moorced 8/6, Faisal 8/2.

The Race:—From the word go Kooleb was in front and won in a canter by 6 lengths Romeo, Monitor and Tantalus were amongst the leaders of the bunch till the bend. As they entered the straight the field was in a bunch. From the distance Fareek put in his run to easily pass Romea and Tantalus and Firjah. Won by 6 lengths 1 length, ½ length.

1st Tote Paid Rs 17 for win and Rs. 14-8. Rs. 20-8 and Rs. 12 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 7-8. for win and Rs. 7 Rs. 13 and Rs. 11 for places.

Time:—1 min. 23 3/5secs.

THE LIVERPOOL STEEPLECHASE. Distance about 2 3/4 Miles.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000;; third Rs. 500. A Handicap Steeplechase for Horses, bona fide and unconditionally the property of Officers in H.M.'s Navy, Army or Royal Air Force on Full Pay Riders.—Those qualiled to enter.

Col. Commandant A. J Poole's TRAVELLER 10-10 Mr. A. M Fawcett 1
Lt-Col G Moore's DAROJI II 11-3 Owner 2
Capt. Fernside Speed's FLYING FOX 10-3 Maj. Warden 3
Capt. R. S. King's Elham Valley 10-0 Owner 4

Also Ran:—Maud Allan 12/7, Dark Legend 11. 11/7, Snowflake 10/6 Mickeen 10/4

The Race:—From a level start Daroji II, Traveller Flying Fox and Dark Legend showed the way The same order was maintained upto the Mile hurdle where Maud Allan dislodged his rider. From here they carried on t othe 1st water where the order was Traveller, Daroji, Snowflake and Elham Valley. When they passed the mile for the second time Traveller and Daroji were almost level with Flying Fox and Snowbake leading the others 50 yards behind. From the 6 furlong post there was a great tussle between Daroji and Traveller the latter winning by clever ridoing by a length. Distance 3/4 length.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 24-8 for win and Rs. 12-8 Rs. 13-8 and Rs. 28 for places.

2nd Tote Paid Rs. 14-8 for win and Rs. 6-8 Rs 7 and Rs. 11-8 for places.

Time.—6 mins 7 4/5secs.

THE GANESHKHIND PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 15,000; Second Rs. 5,000; third Rs. 3,000. A Handicap for Horses in the 1st Division

Messrs. G. E D. Langley and A. Geddis's VALLANCE 7-6 Herbert 1
Mr. R. R S's PUARRYMAN 9-0 Lambert 2
Mr M Goculdas' VERGE 8-5 A T Harrison 3
H H the Maharaja of Nowanagar's Western Wave 9-0 Bowley 4

Also Ran:—Galway Gate 9-5, Plymouth Rock 8/7, Goldgainer 8/5, Resilience 7/18, Dorania 7/13, Camberley 7/12, Wayniete 7-10, Cresset 7-9, Owen Roe 7-8.

The Race:—Owen Roe dwelt and lost a lot of ground. Galway Gate was the first to show out with Vallance at his girths, Quarryman Verge leading the bunch. Coming to the bend Galway Gate died away and Vallance was first into the straight followed by Quarryman who could never get near the winner. There was a poor struggle for 3rd place. Won by a length 3/4 length 3/4 length.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 313/8. for win and Rs. 77-8 Rs. 27 and Rs. 116 for places

2nd Tote paid Rs. 149 for win and Rs. 27 8 Rs. 14 and Rs. 57 for places.

Time.—1 min. 18 1/5secs

THE EDLINGTON HANDICAP. Distance about 5 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 600; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A handicap for Horses 3 years old only.

Mr. W King's LARANJA 7-5 Townsend 1
Mr. Gold's CUIVER 7-2 A T Harrison ... 2
Mr M. Goculdass' THE COUNT 9-0. W. Huxley 3
Mr. F. A. Tarrant's Soft Note 7-10 Bullock 4

Also Ran:—Meg Merrilies 9/2, Reconnisance 8/0, Robina 7/9, Lord Jim 7/5, Pilgrim's Pass 7-0, Mary's Lamb 7/0, Landlady 6/11 Magnificence 6/10.

The Race:—Reconquista dwelt and was badly left. The others were away well together with Mary's Lamb showing the way to Soft Note, Laranja, Meg Merrilies and The Count. Coming to the bend Mary's Lam ran wide and out. Soft Note was first into the straight with Meg Merrilies and Laranja close up. From the distance Laranja drew out to win comfortably by 1 3/4 lengths. Quiver came with a late rush from close to home to beat The Count and Soft Note. Won by 1 3/4 length 1½ length, neck.

1st Tote paid Rs. 25 for win and Rs. 15 Rs. 33-8 and Rs 13-8 for places

2nd Tote Paid Rs 17-8 for win and Rs 8-8 Rs 25-8 and Rs. 7 for places.

Time:—1 min. 2 4/5secs.

THE SEISTAN PLATE. Distance 1 mile. Winner, Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Division.

Mr. A. E. Stephen's HUNTSMAN 7-9 Mitchell 1
Mr. Felice's KITCHENER 8-4, Eatson ... 2
Mr. Jarulla bin Talib's VERSHAN 7-9, A. T. Harrison 3
Mr. M. M Isfani's Anxious 7-12 Donnelly 4

Also Ran:—Waterloo 9/0, Dowlat 9/0, Dunbar 8/1, Bismark 8/8 Investor 8/5 Royal Court 8/4, Gol dKing 8/1, Diamond King 8/0, Honest Beauty 7/12, Arvil 7/12, Peninsula 7-9 Lamington 7/6 Peshwa 7/3, Honey 7/3.

The Race:—From a level let off Investor led a closely packed field of which the prominent ones were Royal Court, Vershan, Arvil and Lamington. This order was almost unchanged to the bend except that Anxious had by this got up with the leaders, Turning into the straight Vershan and Lamington were in front with Kitchener and Anxions next. From the distance Huntsman challenged and Mitchell won a well judged race on the post by a head 3/4 length 3/4 length.

1st Tote Paid Rs. 152 for win and Rs. 41 Rs. 52 and Rs. 42 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 56-8 for win and Rs. 20 Rs. 24 and Rs. 18-8 for places.

Time:—1 min. 53 3/5secs.

CALCUTTA RACES

2ND MEETING—3RD DAY.

HANDICAPS.

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Sept 7.

The following are the handicaps for the Calcutta Second Moonsoon Meeting, Third Day, to be held on next Saturday:—

THE JUMPERS SLAT RACE. Distance about 1 mile 3 furlongs.

White Sapphire 11/12 Marble Rock 11/5, Distinguished 9/6 Pommery 9/6 Bishop's Sutton 9/4, Brandicho c9/ She 9/0, Whippoorwill 9/0.

THE KEMPTON PLATE. (Div. I.) Distance about 7 furlongs.

Jack 9/3 Verres 9/1, Wedding Ring 9/0, Tete Montee 8/11, Barsen 8-6 Pick of the Bunch 8/5, Idyl 8/5 Jaunt 8/4, Vadie 8/4, Marathon Lass 8/3, Quartzite 8/1, Sole Bay 8/0 Saloon 7/13 Staples 7/13, Vanity Fair 7/9, Warning Signal 7/8, Verland Rose 7/7 Rathave 7/2 Simon's Gift II 7/1, Chert 7/0,
Chert 7/0, Wolenram 8/5, Harvest Oome 7/12

THE KEMPTON PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance about 7 furlongs.

Bally Bunion 9/3 Gorse' Darling 9/0, No Ball 9/13 One too Many 8/12 Anzio 8/9 Glassington 8/8 Peace Celebration 8/8 Enchanter 8/6 Golden Treasure 8/3, Little Tag 8/2 Lady Picton 8/2, Hilda A 8/0 Eagle's Nest 8/0, Leven Bridge 7/13, Demon 7/12, Windsor Lady 7/12, Anlock 7/11 My Motto 7/10 Duckgrass 7/7 Glenart 7/2 Bruslee 7/3.

THE SANDOWN PLATE. (Div. I. Distance about 6 furlongs.

King of Bees 9/3. Queen Mary 9/10 Devil's Bridge 8/8, Carless 8/7, Stepaside 7/12, Mercury 7/12, Jazz Band 7/11 Squeers 7/11, Mignonette 7/4, Little Life 7/4 Everywhere 7/3, Scarlet Berril 7/3 Spanish Chestnut 8/5 Higher Level 8/2, Sunny Time 7/13, Fine Times 7/13 Rags 7/9 Bne Mail 7/8, Rose Lydia 7/7 Highfiel dLady 7/7, Sherwood Belle 7/1, Spider Legs 7/0, Golden Hemory 7/0.

THE SANDOWN PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance about 6 furlongs.

Lussker 9/0, Rerenga 8/13, Carpe Diam 8/13, Maharani 8/12, Strange Likeness 8/12; Pegy Thrift 8/11, Thrill 8/10, Roxa 8/10, Angary 8/9 Fast Simon 8/9, Torchlight 8/8 Monsieur James 8/8, Fiasco 8/8, Leader 8-7 Legends Double 8/7, Slow Coach 8/5 One Too Much 8/4, Glen Lussett 8-3 Norman Lindsay 8/2 Avon 8/1, Lhassa 8/0, Cylarity 7/13 Pommery 7/12, Lady Letty 7/7.

THE SANDOWN PLATE. (Div. III.) Distance about 5 furlongs.

Content 9/1, P 5 Poletran 8/12, Highland Lassie 8/8, Vanira 8/7 Waterlily 8/5, Water Lily 8/5, Lu Lad 8/5, Full Moon 8/2 Luna 8/2, Mirror of Fashion 7/13, Foxtor 7/13, Tanyum 7/12, Festna 7/12, Hugh Ro e 7/12 Urinila 7/11, Bishop's Sutton 7/10, Vardar 7/9 Rebecca, 7/9 Belle Etoile 7/8 Silver 8/11, Marble Rock 8/9, Bpff Mail 8/8 The Lining 7/7, Mirvana 7/6, Romla 7/2, Victoria 7/0, Scottfier 7/0.

THE NEWMARKET PLATE. (Dif. I.) Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Devil's Bridge 9/6, Shumamite 9-0, Cape Clear 8/12, Stepaside 8/12, Higher Level Whip 8/7 Carpe Diem 8/3, Maharani 8/2 Leader 7/12, Flying Fairy 7/6 Ones Too Much 7/3, Paganini 7/2, Cylarity 7/1, Squeers 8/10 Downey Boy 8/10, Galley Law 8/10 Sherwood Belle 8/2, Little Life 8/1, Despicable 8/1 Legend Doubl e7/0.

THE NEWMARKET PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Silver Gift 9/6 Brown Fowl 9/4, Peggy Thrift 9/0 Angary 8/13, Strange Likeness 8/13, Well Over 8/11, Sans Merci 8/5, Lu Lad 8/4 Jolly Friar 8/3, Aquae Solis 8/0, Glen Lussett 8/0 Ozorina 7/1, Alien Daley 7/10 Sull Moon 7/7 Luna 7/7, Belle Chance 7/5, Foxtor 7/4, Vardar 7/4, Hardenstown 7/3, Shwe Dine 7/3, Lady Letty 7/0 Bishops Sutton 7/0.

COUNTY CRICKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 7.

Notts beat Worcestershire at Nottingham to-day by an innings and 65 runs.

BOXING.

MIDDLE WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 7.

A telegram from Jersey City states that in the Middlewright Championship of the World the Contest, which was held here to-day, Bryan Downey beat Johnny Wilson on points.

The National watch by Messrs. Valy Mahomed and Co., of Bombay, which contains the figures of Indian's Principal works in the cause of national regeneration, in its dial, should attract the attention of the Patriotic public. The watch is priced at Rs. 20.

SACRET OF SWARAJ.

UNITY OF ALL INDIANS.

A special meeting of the Sikhs of Bombay was held at 8-30 p.m. in the Gurdwara in which Shrimati Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Omar Sobani, Moulana Anis Ahmad, Seth Manmohan Das were also present. After the national songs, Maulana Anis Ahmad on behalf of the Sikhs of Bombay welcomed Shrimati Sarojini Naidu and Mr. Omar Sobani to the Sikh Gurdwara and said that the real secret of Swarajya was the unity of all Indians which was symbolized in the meeting by the presence of the Moslem leader Mr. Omar Sobani and the famous Hindu lady Mrs. Sarojini Naidu in the Sikh Gurdwara. Sardar Jagat Singh Akali of Peshawar, in a most impressive and interesting speech said that the time was most auspicious as Hindus, Moslems and Sikhs were sitting like brothers on one platform. He pointed out that the Mission of Guru Nanak Sahib and Guru Govind Singh was to unite all in a solid and united body, and when Guru Nanak Sahib was asked whether he was a Hindu or a Moslem, he replied *"Na Ham Hindu Na Musalman, Allah Ram ke Pind Paran"* (neither am I a Hindu nor a Moslem. Body and Soul belong to *Allah* or Ram.)

The speaker then asked Shrimati Sarojini Naidu to address the meeting.

MRS. NAIDU'S SPEECH.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu was received by the loud cries of *"Sat Sri Akal."* She said that she had not come there to deliver a speech but to pay homage to the Holy Guru Garanth Sahib and told the audience that as the Mission of Guru Nanak Sahib was for unity, so she was very happy to see that the Sikhs were working hand in hand with Hindus and Mussalmans, and assured the audience that if there was dagger in the heart of the Sikhs, the Moslem and Hindu hearts would bleed profusely. We all should show to the world that we did not speak by our tongue, only, but accomplish practically *"Wah Guruji ka Khalsa Wah Guruji ki Fatah"*

Concluding she announced that there would be a public meeting of Bombay citizens on Friday in the evening when the Bombay public would hear all about the Gurdwara movement and Nankana Tragedy. She assured that like the whole of India all Bombay was with Sikhs in their National movement.

The meeting came to a successful close when Sardar Jagat Singh Akali taking the garlands of flower from the Guru Garanth Sahib garlanded Shirimati Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Omar Sobani and Maulana Anis Ahmad on behalf of the Sikh community.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

CONSIDERATION OF TENDERS.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. H. P. Mody Presiding.

The Committee considered a letter from the Commissioner regarding the tenders received for supplying and laying 72 inch. main and 57 inch. tansa main and for preparing the pipe track and other incidental work.

The estimates approved by the Corporation for the work of supplying and laying the two sections of mains amounted to Rs. 1,60,65,000 and Rs. 1,33,83,000 respectively. Out of the tenders received the lowest one was that from Messrs. Braithwaite and Company which amounted to Rs. 1,27,79,530 and Rs. 132,33,786 respectively for the two mains and which was less than the approved estimate by about Rs. 78 lakhs.

The Committee resolved to accept Messrs. Braithwaite and Company, tender.

For this work of forming pipe track and tramway constructing building's and accommodation roads, etc., in connection with the same scheme, the tender from the Tata Construction Company which amounted to Rs. 66,59,139 was accepted at the previous meeting of the Standing Committee.

THE MARWARI CHAMBER.

The annual General meeting of the Marwari Chamber was held on the 4th instant, in the hall of the Chamber. Shriyut Govindramji munium of Seth Tarachand Ghanshyamdas was in the chair. The Hony. Secretary Mr. Misrilal opened the proceedings by reading Annual Report and submitting the Balance Sheet of the account. On collecting voting papers and analysing the same the following were elected office bearers for the next year:—

President. Shriyut Govindramji Munim of Seth Tarachand Ghanshiamdas, rig President. Lachhmandasji waga Munim of R. B. Seth Banshilal Abirchand.

Hony. Secretaries: Messrs. Misrilalji Munim of R. B. Champalal Ramswarup; Gangaramji Munim of Seth Gopiram Ramchandra; Nathmalji Proprietor Seth Madhosingh Chhaganlal.

Treasurers Seth Harmukhrai Gopiramji.

30 members for the Managing Committee were also elected.

AUSTRALIANS VS. SOUTH OF ENGLAND.

FORMER'S BIG LEAD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 5.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Sept. 7.

The match which began on Saturday at Hastings between the Australians and the South of England, was continued to-day before 4,000 spectators. The Australians were 383 at the conclusion of the first day's play, and to-day they brought their score up to 444 before being all dismissed. Armstrong, who was 156 "not out" on Saturday, remained at the wicket throughout the whole innings, and was 132 "not out" when the Australians were all dismissed. The special feature of his innings was his splendid driving, which accounted for 24 boundary hits during the 4 hours, 10 minutes he was at the wicket.

The Englishmen's first innings finished with the score at 193 runs, of which Hubert Ashton contributed 65, giving no chances throughout his innings finished with the score at 199 runs, of which Hubert Ashton contributed 65, giving no chances throughout his innings, which included 65, giving no chances throughout his innings, which included 6 fours.

For the Australians Gregory took 5 wickets for 77 runs.

Following on, the English side had made 15 for 2 wickets when stumps were drawn.

PICKETING N BOMBAY.

ALLEGATIONS BY VIGILANCE COMMITTEE

CAN POLICEMEN DRINK AND AID OTHERS IN DRINKS WHILE ON DUTY?

Mr. V. A. Desai, Chairman of the Vigilance Sub-Committee writes:—

"Are Policemen on duty allowed to go into the liquor shops and have a drink themselves, and is it also a part of their duty to stand in front of the shops and encourage the people to go in and drink?

On the 3rd instant P. C. Nos. 1952 and 1371 were posted in their uniforms at shop No. 25 in the 10th Ramatipura Lane. In order to encourage others, they invited reluctant people to accompany them and openly drank at the counter. On the same shop, on the 4th instant, P. C. Nos. 1458 and 401 stood near the pickets, and asked the people not to fear them, saying "We will see what the pickets do; go in and have your drink."

Will the superior officers concerned please note?

The following is a copy of a letter from Mr. M. N. Chatripati, a visiting pleader picket, which speaks for itself:—

BOMBAY, Sept. 3, 1921.

To-day at about 7-45 p.m. I saw two volunteers doing their duty near a liquor-shop at Thakurdward bearing No. 22 and standing in the name of one Bejonji Manekji. A few paces away were standing four policemen. A Parsee employee of Mr. Hodiwala, the licensee of the shop, seemed very angry and upset. I found him not only inviting people into the liquor-shop standing on the threshold of the shop, but at times actually dragging reluctant customers into the shop. People gathered there and the Parsee getting still more excited filthily used harsh language towards the volunteers and rudely pushed one of them.

CONGRESS PRESIDENTHIP.

13 P. C. COMMITTEES RECOMMEND MR. DAS.

The Hon. General Secretary, of the 36th Indian National Congress writes:—

Final Recommendations for the Presidentship of the ensuing session of the Congress at Ahmedabad are being received by the Reception Committee. The following Provincial Congress Committees namely,

(1) Punjab P. C. C.
(2) Andhra P. C. C.
(3) Bombay P. C. C.
(4) Madras P. C. C.
(5) Karnatak P. C. C.

over and above the eight previously reported, have finally recommended Mr. C. R. Das. Communications from other Provincial Congress Committees are awaited.

Out of 21 Provincial Congress Committees, 13 have sent in their final recommendations, all recommending Mr. C. R. Das.

G. I. P. RLY. WORKSHOP TROUBLE.

UNBENDING ATTITUDE OF OFFICIALS.

We have received from Mr. Jhabvala, the Secretary of the Labour Board of Bombay, a report on the G. I. P. Railway Parel Workshops strike. It states the developments since last week have been very rapid and the officers besides maintaining an attitude of total antipathy towards the men under them, who have worked for years together dutifully and honestly have gone a step further by asking the men to draw away their wages and also their Provident Funds. Mr. Ginvala, the Vice President of the G. I. P. Union, has all along gone on a representing the grievances and disabilities of the men to the officers and when no attention was paid to the same, some of the most rowdy men who appear not to be the members of the Union, took law into their own hands and did damage alleged to be worth Rs. 30,000 but really believed to be worth Rs. 5,000. Among the numurous grievances were:—

1. Prohibition of smoking.
2. Inconvenient latrines.
3. Narrowness of entrance gates.
4. Unusual delay in granting leave in cases of emergency even.

It is easy to imagine what a hardship it is to habitual smokers to prevent them from smoking.

But when under one pretence or another the gates were narrowed the men got exasperated. Labour Board fully appreciates the value of constitutional agitation and the Union which is affiliated to the Board worked accordingly; but the Board has cause to believe that all constitutional measures have hitherto been misconstrued by the officers in charge as a means of weakness. The Union is still doing its best to control the men so as to keep them away from mischief and trouble. Harmless ways have been adopted, viz. carrying on reasoned correspondence, interviewing the officers, holding meetings and passing resolutions. Yet the granting of slight physical convenience is flatly denied to the men and that also in the new era of liberal Government. A layman does not fully realize the gravity of times through which the labourers are passing and unsympathetic officers like those at Parel are simply adding fuel to the flame.

NARROW GATES.

That there is sufficient justification in the men's contention regarding the gates is proved from the Police Commissioner Mr. Sharpe's intercession on the men's behalf at Matunga when a similar trouble arose there. Yet the Parel officers are unbending. On Tuesday last three of the men were gravely hurt by the Police and further trouble is imminent, if an early settlement is not arrived at.

Under the circumstances the men are constrained to withdraw their Provident Funds, etc., and retire which ought to be certainly discreditable to the Parel Managers whose ground is obviously to hold to their Prestige even at the cost of thousands of men being dismissed on a most flimsy excuse.

The following is the resolution passed by the men at their last meeting held at Parel, under the presidency of Mr. Ginvala.

The meeting earnestly requests the Agent to issue directions for payment of the Provident Fund of the Parel Workshopmen and wages together immediately in case he is not inclined to remove the barriers as respectively requested by them.

The Union hopes it has made out a strong case in favour of the men and before long the authorities will use to the occasion failing which they must pay off the men's funds along with the wages for August.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

A shock of moderate intensity was recorded in the Bombay seismograph on the morning of the 6th at two hours and five minutes.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TODAY.

Mr. Jayaker's lecture on Education, Jagannath's Chawl, Fanaswadi, 6-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, Sept. 9.

Parsi New Year Eve. Banks closed.

A public meeting in Marwadi Vidialaya at 6-30 p.m. subject. Sikh religion and Indian Uniy.

SATURDAY, Sept. 10.

Poona Races: Big meeting 4th day.

S. S. Donola with the English mails, leaves at 4 p.m.

Parsi New Year: Yezdejardi 1291. (Banks closed).

ENGLISH MAILS.

The Mail Steamer Soudan with the outward Mails of the 25 ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 11 a.m., on Monday next.

I. P. & TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Executive committee of the above Association will be held at the office of Mr. L. R. Tairsey to-day (Thursday) at 5-30 p.m., (S. T.).

GANESH UTSAV.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar, M.A., Bar.-at-Law, will deliver a lecture on "Education" to-day at 6-30 p.m., under the auspices of Dharmaikya Samvarakshak Sansth at Jagannath's Chawl, Phanaswadi. It is open to the public.

BRAHMIN SABHA GANESH UTSAV.

Under the auspicies of the above Sabha two public lectures will be delivered to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m., and 9-30 p.m., (S.T.) by Prof. H. D. Velankar M.A., and Mr. L. R. Pangarkar of Poona respectively.

BHARAT BANDHU SAMAJ.

Under the auspices of the Bharat Bandhu Samaj, Mr. Damodar Ramchandra Karad will deliver an address on "Drink and its Evils" in Marathi on the occasion of Ganpati Utsav at Mr. Laxmanrao Rokde's house, opposite Dongri Police Station, at 9 p.m. to-day. Mr. Patil Narayen Kajle will preside.

CASE AGAINST TICKET COLLECTORS.

The case against the two Ticket Collectors of the G. I. P. Railway who are being prosecuted for an alleged assault on Mr. Nensey Brothers will come for hearing to-day before the 3rd Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court.

CITY MORTALITY.

The Total Mortality of the city on the 6th of September was 124 as compared with 105 of the corresponding day of last year. There were one attack and two deaths from cholera and one death from Influenza.

RAMPUR STATE'S CONCESSION.

We are given to understand that His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Rampur State (U. P.) has granted the sole monopoly, for ten years, for Ginning and Pressing Factory to Mr. Chhotalal Ishwardas Parekh of Bombay and no other party will be allowed to erect and work such other factories in Rampur State during the period of the monopoly.

A PUBLIC MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held in the Marwadi Vidalaya to-morrow (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. Shrimati Sarojini Naidu would preside. After national songs, accompanied by Sikh music, Shrimati Sarojini Naidu, Sardar Jagat Singh Akali of Peshawar, Molana Anis Ahmad and others will address the meeting on the Sikh Religion and Indian unity.

CHANFFER'K RASH ACT.

Before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at Girgaon, one Deoji Vidhal (22) motor driver, was charged under section 304 A. of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. It appears from evidence that on the 11th August 1921, at about 5-30 p.m. the accused was seated in the driver's seat of a car of which one Purshotam Keka was the chauffeur. The accused car was standing behind this car and Purshotam Keka was seated by the side of the accused. This car being near the middle of the road, one Police Constable No. 827 C., who was on duty there asked the accused to move along the car Parshotam got down and turned the handle and before he could get back at the car the accused started the car and by a jerk knocked down an old man, who was removed to the G. T. Hospital, and died there the same night.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and fined him Rs. 200 or on default six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ELECTRO CUTIONED.

The Coroner, Mr. A. R. King, held an inquest yesterday, on the body of one Pardeshi Ramdhan Santoo (27) who died of electric shock at Pydhonie Road, on Monday last.

One Ramsamoodh Chinan deposed that the deceased was a servant in a firm at Khoja Mohollа. He saw the deceased lying died at about 7-15 a.m. near a temporary wooden structure made for holding water-pote during the Moharram. The witness saw the wire hanging on the structure. The deceased had burns on his hands and chest.

Mr. Thomas Edward Ferro, Personal Assistant to the Electrical Inspector to Government who had examined the body as well as the wire said the electric energy was obtained through an adaptor in an adjacent building. The wrong plug had been in the wooden structure. He did not notice burns on the elbows. The burns on the chest and hands could have been caused by the wire produced. The voltage had been 30 lbs. The installation had been unauthorized and it had now been dis-connected.

Dr. J. H. Walsh, Coroner's Surgeon, who had made post mortem examination of the body was of opinion that the death was due to electric shock.

The jury returned a verdict that the man died of electric shock resulting from his having handled a live wire.

A COOKING ACCIDENT.

Yesterday Mr. A. R. King, Coroner, held an inquest on the body of Johrabai (12) residing with her husband Abdul Razak

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Thursday, September 8, 1921.

REMOVE THE CAUSE.

In the midst of agitations and excitements, party cries and hymns of hate it seems to us that the Government of India is in danger of falling into the state of him who could not see the forest for the trees; and we are confirmed in that opinion by the fact that though we hear a great deal about the Malabar Rising and the non-co-operation movement in connection with it, we have, had no allusion from the side of government to the iniquitous Turkish Treaty and the horrible events in Asia Minor which are the natural consequence of its unjust provisions. It is no good treating symptoms drastically, and leaving the disease itself untouched. How much of the disease of India is at the present moment directly traceable to the Turkish Treaty and the culpable indifference of England to the just claims of the Muslims in regard to it, we leave others to determine; but that Treaty is unquestionably one cause of the present unrest among Muslims and it is one of the chief causes of the Non-Cooperation movement. The Government of India always knew that Indian Muslims would resent an anti-Muslim settlement; anticipation of their discontent with the Turkish treaty when the terms were known was among the reasons for the passing of the Rowlatt Acts, as we have been credibly informed; yet an anti-Muslim Treaty of the most outrageous kind (even in the opinion of Allied statesmen) was actually imposed on helpless Turkey without serious trouble in India. Why? Because Mahatma Gandhi's non-violent non-cooperation movement and the sympathy of the Hindus gave the Indian Muslims hope of saving Turkey and the Holy Places yet by peaceful means

Since then, things have gone from bad to worse; the Muslims—and we may add the Government of India—have been slighted and insulted by the Government of England, which still almost openly supports the Greek aggression against Turkey. Yet we believe that even the Moplahs of Malabad would not have risen if non-cooperation leaders—real leaders, not those local ones of whom we hear so much—had been allowed free access to them, and if they had been blessed with a more sympathetic District Magistrate. As we have often had occasion to remark before, the Government does not appear to realise the intensity of Muslim feeling at this juncture. England has not dealt justly by Islam; the Government of India has taken up the cause of Indian Musulmans before the world thereby acknowledging that England has not acted justly. But do they realise what every Muslim worthy of the name feels? The vast majority of Indian Muslims regard England as the enemy of Islam, and with reason. Remove the reason and the enmity upon the Muslim side will disappear immediately. As it is, if British policy remains unchanged, the horror of the British breach of faith is such as to defy repressive measures. The Muslim men and women of to-day will pass it to their children and their children's children, and the end of British empire in the East is sure; for it is not only in India but in every Muslim country that this horror of the British name is found to-day. The mildest and most reasonable mode of its expression is Mahatma Gandhi's non-violent non-cooperation movement, which is none the less Islamic for being the conception of a Hindu saint. That movement, which has offered hope to Indian Muslims and preserved them from counsels of despair deserves the gratitude of all who cherish feelings of humanity. It is regrettable that owing to the tactical or temperamental blunder of a Mr. Thomas its gospel was not suffered to be preached in Malabar.

The Government of India—and the Government of India only—has the power to calm this bitter feeling, not only in India but in all Asia and North Africa. But it will not do so by repressing outbreaks of the inarticulate or punishing indiscretions of the articulate Muslims It can do so only by forcing the Government of England to redress the wrongs done to Islam and to restore the honour of England in the eyes of Asia. That honour is the only basis of prestige worth having. Without it, British empire in the East is unmaintainable. We have so far looked in vain for some decided utterance capable of convincing the Indian Muslims that the Government of India—and especially the new Viceroy—is in truth their champion. We have seen a dozen golden opportunities go by, unnoticed Here is another opportunity to bring peace to India, if the Government would only head the Indian people in their just demands, instead of calling for assistance to repress them in the name of England. The Government of England is almost openly encouraging the supply of armaments to Christian Greece. Why should not the Government of India almost openly encourage the supply of armaments to Muslim Turkey? It would mean a great deal sentimentally to the Indian Musulmans, and a great deal materially to the cause they have so much at heart, for the rich are generally influenced by Government and would prove responsive to a hint imparted to them from high quarters. Let the Government at last do something real for the Muslim cause—something more than mild suggestions and official pleadings—and they will have done more for the pacification of India and the rehabilitation of their own prestige than they can ever hope to do by measures of repression.

LAW AND ORDER.

In the course of his characteristic panegyric of Law and order, at the convocation of the Bombay University, Sir George Lloyd declared in ringing tones that "every free man is a slave to one thing only—Law." Let us see how the truth of this statement, which the Governor, no doubt, intended to suggest holds good of British Rule in India, was borne out in Malabar. The first serious rioting in the District took place shortly after noon of the 20th August. The same day, the District Magistrate, Mr. Thomas, without obtaining the permission of either the Government of Madras or that of India, calmly surrendered his authority into the hands of the military authorities and handed over the people, Hindus, Christians, Jews, Moplahs and all, to the tender mercies of the troops. The declaration of Martial Law by the Governor-General, was made on the 26th August, that is to say, full six days after Martial Law had been actually in operation. Under what "Law", one is tempted to ask, did Mr. Thomas abdicate his authority and subject the people under his charge to the horrors of a military regime? There is none that one can think of. The step taken by the Magistrate was *ultra vires*. The same procedure was followed by the civil authorities in Lahore and other places in the Punjab during the early days of the 1919 disturbances. The fact was noticed by the Hunter Commission, but the European majority tried to gloss over the illegality. The Law, as laid down in the Indian Criminal Procedure Code is clear on the point. Section 131 Cr. P. C. authorises any commissioned officer of his Majesty's Army to disperse an unlawful assembly by military force, "when no magistrate can be communicated with." But Mr. Thomas was present on the scene and there was no excuse for him to commit legal *harikari* in the way he did. The Section goes on to say, "If, while he is acting under this section, it becomes practicable for him to communicate with a Magistrate then 'he shall do so' and shall thence forward 'obey' the instructions of the Magistrate as to whether he shall or shall not continue such action." Thus there was no occasion at all for the suppression of the civil authority of Mr. Thomas. The Publicity Bureau of Madras has sought to explain away by specious arguments the hasty abdication of Mr. Thomas in favour of the Military authorities, but, as conclusively shown by Mr. Satyamurti in the "Hindu", what the Civil authorities of Malabar did was in direct contravention of the Law as it exists in this country. In these circumstances what becomes of the boast of Sir George Lloyd that every free man in India need be slave to nothing save Law?

Notes of the Day.

Why This Difference?

When we in India occasionally contend that civil expenditure should be curtailed, we are told of the menace of Civilians resigning. What is happening in England? The emoluments of Civilians have been substantially cut in view of financial stringency. The bonus which served as war-time allowance is made to go down according to the cost of living. No one dare humbug Parliament with schemes of perpetuating the concessions at the cost of the tax-payer. Civil Servants naturally tried to protest, but they knew the temper of the country. As a chronicler observes: "From their point of view the bonus was given reluctantly long after the cost of living had so much increased that officials had to borrow money in order to carry on, and it should not be withdrawn until the original contract is fulfilled. But public opinion and the diminishing revenue have been too much for the Chancellor, and consequently *the higher officials are to feel the same pinch as most of the public have felt for months past.*" The Chancellor of the Exchequer made a feeble defence when the demand was made that further reductions should be effected. The "Pioneer" is deeply impressed by it, but we are impressed more by what Sir Robert Horne did, than by what he said. Sir Alfred Mond put the position clearly: "It is not our business to put money into the hands of a number of people who have already dipped their hands deeply enough into the pockets of the tax-payer." Surely when the prices are weakening, there is an occasion for mercy to the tax-payer. By the way, who is responsible for the assertion in a recent communiqué of Government, that prices are higher than they were when the last increments were sanctioned? The reverse is the fact, and we fear some figure-faker has, in this matter, pulled the leg of the Government.

I. M. S.

The new standard of knowledge demanded by the General Medical Council of Great Britain before Indian medical graduates can register themselves in the United Kingdom is seriously exercising the minds of the students of the Grant Medical College, Bombay, as well as other aspirants to medical honours abroad. We understand that at a recent meeting of the students a representative committee was appointed to take steps to enlist the sympathies of the University authorities and of the medical profession in their struggle against the retrograde proposals of the General Medical Council. It is realised that these proposals deal an abrupt and deadly blow at the chances of Indians qualifying themselves for admission into the I. M. S. and for private and public service in the United Kingdom and even in other countries. For, if the General Medical Council refuses to recognise the qualifications of Indian graduates as entitling them to practice in Great Britain, the natural result will be that other countries of the West will follow in the footsteps of Great Britain and a world-wide prejudice will be created against the Indian medical profession. But, apart from this, the chief concern of Indian students is about the bar sinister that is sought to be placed against their entry into the medical service of their own country. Indians have to put up with the humiliation because of the anti-Indian policy, which has found favour with India's "rulers" all these years, of recruiting for the I. M. S. wholly in Great Britain. The only effective remedy against the fresh encroachment of the British medical profession on the rights of Indians is opening the door for recruitment in India itself. No self-respecting Government would tolerate the humiliation of its own subjects in the way the Government of this country is tolerating it. The medical Faculty of the Bombay University as well as the medical profession in Bombay ought to bestir themselves to prevent the injustice that is being done to the student world. If the British Medical Council is obdurate, all the Indian Universities and the medical profession ought to press for the modification of the present rules governing recruitment to the I. M. S., so that the Service may be open to all who possess registrable Indian qualifications.

The Charka.

The Poona Municipality is understood to have sanctioned Rs. 5,000 for providing all the necessaries for teaching handspinning in the Municipal schools of Poona till the end of March, 1922. This is as it should be and the Poona Municipality's example deserves to be copied by all municipalities and local boards in the country. We do not know how far the proposal to introduce the Charka in the Municipal schools of Bombay has found favour with the Schools Committee, to which it was referred sometime ago. We know the sleepy ways of the committee, but they might for once open their eyes and see what is happening around them. Handsspinning ought to be taught to every boy and girl attending school, as a regular part of the curriculum, at least an hour a day being devoted to the same After a little practice children will be found taking immense pleasure in the art, which in addition to being useful is both elegant and easy. The Charka has come to stay, whether the local schools committee appreciates the fact or not. Besides Poona, several other Municipalities in Gujerat, Punjab, and Madras have already introduced the charka in their schools. Bombay, which boasts of being "*urbs prima in Indis*," instead of leading the rest of India, is sadly lagging behind. Will the City Fathers and the Schools Committee bestir themselves?

All-India Handloom Weaving Exhibition.

The Department of Industries, Behar, may be congratulated on the commendable enterprise it is showing is organising an All-India Handloom Weaving Exhibition at Patna. The prospectus of the Exhibition declares the objects to be to demonstrate what is being done to encourage and develop the handloom industry in every part of the country and to exhibit to the public the best examples of the different kinds of cotton, woollen and silk cloth now produced in India. The exhibition will be open to the whole of India, including the Indian States and will last from November 28th till December 3rd, 1921 inclusive. The exhibition will consist of the following sections:—(1) woven articles of cotton, silk and wool and mixtures thereof, (2) all types of appliances and accessories for hand weaving, (3) raw materials such as yarns, raw silk, dyes, &c., and (4) weaving competitions. A number of prizes will be offered for exhibits of outstanding excellence. A gold medal has been offered by the Maharaja of Darbhanga for "a Charka most suitable for the people of India," while another gentleman has announced the offer of a prize of Rs. 1,100 for the best original device connected with hand weaving.

Police Methods in Junagad.

While acknowledging the good work done during the short period of his administration by Mr. Tribhuvanrai D. Rana, Dewan of Junagad, we would call his attention to the vagaries and high-handedness of certain police petty officials in the districts of the Junagad State. Mr. Rana, as known to us, is a straightforward gentleman of kindly disposition, as shown in the promotion he has given to the servants of the State and his reorganizing of the services. Old clerks and peons of the State whose rights and privileges of post and pay as well as promotions were overlooked by the administration of Mr. Rendall and for whom we often pleaded in our columns in the past have cause to be grateful to Mr. Rana. The Dewan has started his administration in a way which augurs a progressive policy and we hope he will check the tyrannical methods prevalent in certain departments of the State when they are brought to his notice. The letter of Mr. Amritlal V. Thakkar, of the Servants of India Society, which we published lately, speaks for itself as to the police *zoolum* in the State. He went to Veraval on a purely non-political and sacred mission of temperance, and that was his fault in the eyes of the Fozdar of Veraval, so much so that he (the Fozdar) rushed at Mr. Thakkar and insulted him in an extraordinary manner. There are many instances of respectable gentlemen of Kathiawar being similarly treated by his department. No one is allowed to take part in Kathiawar politics in Junagad. Mr. Rana would do well to tell his Commissioner of Police to carry out his duties in a more becoming manner and issue orders to his subordinates to behave decently in these days of enlightenment and progress.

The Seditious Meetings Act.

There is reason to fear that one of the results of the evil counsels of pseudo-Liberals of the Chintamani-type will be the retention by the bureaucracy of such an obnoxious measure as the Seditious Meetings Act. That not all the repressive measures named for abolition will be removed from the Statute Book becomes apparent from the following obviously inspired statement by Mrs. Besant in "New India":—"Ere this month is over, we shall be free of nearly all the coercive laws, and if two or three remain, as is possible, their retention for, as we hope, only a short period is due to the Non-Cooperation movement, led by a Dictator and his two fanatical colleagues." It is whispered in "knowing" circles that the Seditious Meetings Act is one of the "two or three" coercive laws referred to by Mrs. Besant as likely to be retained as handy weapons by the bureaucracy. We shall be glad, of course, to be told that such is not the case, but we shall not be surprised if our fears prove to be well grounded. It is quite Besantine to hold that great nuisance, the Non-Cooperator, to blame for all the ills from which India is suffering to-day and particularly for the failures of the "cooperators." It does not matter that a "Liberal" Minister comes forward to suggest that the Seditious Meetings Act should not be abolished, though his own colleague Pandit Jagat Narain pleads for its abolition and Indian Ministers all over India urge the same. If the "cooperators" are unable to muster sufficient courage or succumb to the sweets of power, why hold the Non-Cooperator to blame and give him a short shrift!

Less Warmth, More Cost.

In December, 1919, the Government, feeling exceedingly jocund, resolved to celebrate Peace. The people wanted a postponement of the celebration to a more suitable time, but brass hats could not contain themselves any longer. Therefore, Peace was celebrated. Money was spent like water, schoolboys conscripted for the day's entertainment, public buildings illuminated. Bori Bunder Station was a blaze of colour. How was the mockery of delirious joy attempted, with the people protesting? Money makes dead men laugh, money can make the charnel house dance. Money can make myriads mourn the death of tyrants. Such is the magic power of money, that joy can be simulated over the dead by the living. A remarkable thing, money. But when the heart is not in it, celebrations cost a lot for spectacular effect. Forty-five lakhs was spent to make the Duke's tour a success: fireworks, arches, dances, did their part, but it was a ghastly failure from the view-point of the sight-seer who couldn't spot cheering crowds. To make the Prince's tour a "success" in adverse conditions, all parsimonious considerations must be avoided. A train-load of journalists must have incessant sensations to keep them occupied. And surely when the Indian Princes vie with each other, the Government of India must eclipse them all in point of hospitality and bright display. The Nizam's Government are busy placing orders, and firms and functionaries are getting ready for another spell of "Supplies." Ministers, M.L.A.'s, M.L.C.'s and other interview-mongers will have to attend to the problem of costume and effect. Some are already humming "Rule Britannia." Who will deny that a merry season is dawning? More public disapprobation means greater expense to overwhelm it!

Why Not?

Mr. T. V. Seshagiri Iyer was recently interviewed by the "Tribune." Asked as to which departments he would give to Indian Ministers in the event of diarchy in the Central Government, Mr. Iyer hazarded "Home" and recoiled in holy horror at the mention of "Finance." Have we the training for it? Mr. Iyer's amateurish reverence for the unknown is typical of the habit of exaggerated diffidence obtaining among Indians, and encouraged by the official caste. Because Mr. Hailey is an Englishman, Mr. Iyer possibly ascribes to him unknown powers, but we are heretic enough to believe that there are Indians in the Finance Department and in the commercial world, who can replace Mr. Hailey with credit to themselves and advantage to the country. A similar thrill of diffidence is usual when it is mentioned that an Indian can, if given the chance, handle the portfolio of the Political Department. But when Lord Chelmsford, who was neither a transcendent genius nor a total numbskull, managed his responsibility, no one thought it a feat; it was taken for granted that he did it all right. Lord Randolph Churchill on becoming Chancellor of the Exchequer, made a row about the use of dots in accounts, decimals being an affair of novelty with him. An ordinary revenue officer who tried to act Aurangzebe in the province of Delhi, becomes Finance Member and blunders along, but when the suggestion is made that an Indian might be found to do it better, it strikes most people as presumption. Rather the trouble is that no self-respecting Indian Financier would for three months stand the tail-twisting from London. He would one morning buy his ticket and flee. Let them begin with Mr. Dalal, for a trial.

FRUITLESS FLURRIES.

MOPLAH DISTURBANCES.

ABORTIVE ATTEMPTS IN INDIAN LEGISLATURES.

(From our own Correspondent)

Simla, Sept. 6.

As I already predicted the discussions that were initiated in both the houses of Indian Legislature on the recent Moplah out-breaks in Malabar proved to be one more victory for Sir William Vincent and a virtual vote of confidence in Government. The net result of these abortive attempts of non-officials is that certain persons presumably Ali Brothers would soon be incarcerated and that supplementary ordinance been issued creating special tribunals consisting of one High Court Judge and two Sessions Judges whose sentences would be subjected to appeal only in certain cases. Sir M. B. Dadabhoy. Who brought the motion for adjournment in the Council of State, no doubt started well but soon, as is natural with him, turned to be an ardent admirer and wholehearted supporter of whatever action bureaucracy had taken in Malabar including declaration of martial law in regard to absolute necessity of which the statement of Lord Reading who was bred up in Liberal traditions of Inns of Court put matter beyond all controversy.

This effusion was too big for Mr. Bhurgri to gulp down and he sprang up and asked the President whether Sir Maneckjee was speaking on behalf of the Government. The President pithily replied that the Hon'ble Member is speaking on behalf of himself. After this snub from Mr. Bhurgri the supposed leader of non-official house thought discretion was better part of valour and immediately shortened his sail.

MADRASSEE NOT ALLOWED TO MOVE.

Hon. Mr. Annamalai Chetty who was smarting under grievance that he in spite of being a Madrassee was not allowed to make the motion in regard to Malabar outbreaks stood up to speak but Sir William Vincent who was on his feet on official side with a big file in front was permitted by the President to reply on behalf of the Government. Mr. Chettiar mildly remonstrated by asking may I be allowed to speak to which Mr. Muddiman replied in unnecessarily harsh tone by calling aloud name of the Home Member.

EXPERT STAGE MANAGER.

Sir William Vincent is nothing if not an expert stage manager and although the occasion was too serious to admit of any Light-heartedness, he brought in his sallies of humour off and on created ripple of laughter by remarking that act of conversion by Moplahs of Hindus was an act of perversion and proceeding attributed the whole outbreak not to non-violent non-cooperation movement, because enough of violence had been committed but to doctrines preached to fanatical Moplahs by extremist Khilafat agitators, soon after the Karachi Conference. He described the various events in Malabar and although non-official house wanted more enlightenment on the details of the outbreak the Home Member could give no other news except what has already appeared in the Press and informed of communiques which according to Mr. Raza Ali were wholly one sided. Mr. Annamalai Chetti regretted that the responsible Mussalmans had not condemned the Moplah excesses when Mr. Bhurgri sitting behind exclaimed why not ask Mr. Mahomed Ali. A remark to which Mr. Chettiar was not preapred to retort. The Madras Member was more concerned with disastrous effects of the rebellion than the causes thereof and he therefore urged compensation and relief to sufferers.

KNIGHT OF SHAHPUR'S FULMINATIONS.

The irrepressible knight of Shahpur Sir Umar Hayat whose views cannot be changed by time or tide thanked the Bureaucracy for declaration of martial law and condemned what he called little class of agitators who were bent on revolution and of whose existence poor India must be purged. Sirdar Jogendra Singh of the East and West fame followed with a severe rebuke to Sir Umar for his antics and urged policy of forget and forgive in order to secure real peace in that distressed Malabar.

BEST CONTRIBUTION TO DEBATE.

The best contribution to the debate was made by Syed Raza Ali of Allahabad who speaking with heavy heart on disturbance criticised action of the District Magistrate for having ordered arrest in the mosque which was admittedly the signal for the outbreak and after presenting conflicting statements appearing in the papers as to the origin and progress of the rebellion, urged for a Committee of inquiry. On the other hand Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar quoted the statement of the Dewan of Cochin that disturbance was not due to fanatical Moplahs but to known depredators; whereupon Sir Alexander Murray querried are they Hindus or Mussalmans, to which in spite of defective hearing he replied amidst laughter I do not know. Mr. Craik Home Secretary in absence of Sir William Vincent, who had gone to the assembly to do his duty there in a similar debates, in summing, up made a speech; at several portions of which he received hints from Mr. Shafi who was sitting in front. Eventually, however Sir Maneckjee who was pleased with Government replies withdrew his motion. No Committee was appointed and nothing happened.

DISCUSSION IN ASSEMBLY.

The discussion in the Assembly fizzled out likewise and Mr. Rangachari who initiated the debate was not quite in his elements. Mr. Subramanyam, no doubt, spoke with some logic but logic could find no place before diplomacy. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas who is bidding fair to be Sir Umar Hayat Khan in the assembly, prophesied in most offensive speech that unless effective measures were taken against those who stirred up religious fanaticism similar disturbances would soon break all over the country. The Mussalman sentiment on question was expressed by Messrs. Kabiruddin Ahmed and Yamin Khan who repudiated strongly that the Khilafat or the non-co-operation was responsible and probably on inspiration from Mr. Jamnadas' utterance asked the Members to support the Government, if they took any action against certain persons. This appeal was not in vain because the house went in rapture and applause. Thus indeed do our so called representatives in the Legislature perform their duty by India.

Not even one Madras member of either house has visited the storm centre on the west coast and neither the Home Member nor His Excellency Lord Reading took the trouble of personally adquainting himself with the nature of the disturbances. If the Punjab episode revealed one thing more than another it was Lord Chelmsford's neglect of duty in not visiting the scene of occurrence. Lord Reading was pleased to visit Jallianwalla Bagh the moment he arrived in India, but he has not thought of going to Malabar where admittedly there is red ruin and havoc. The non-official members bitterly complained of want of sufficient material in understanding the situation but none of them asked that the Viceroy or the Home Member should proceed at once to Malabar. They were all content with the statements in the Government communiques.

TO CIVILIZE MOPLAHS.

Some fifteen years ago I hear Sir Harold Stuart had been pressing on Government to extend the Railway communications into interior of the Moplah ridden country so that these fanatical people might slowly migrate towards other parts of the country and thus get chastened, but this was not done." A few years ago the "Madras Review contained series of articles from the pen of Dewan Bahadur Karunakara Menon on the necessity of educating the Moplahs, but no attention was paid. If the Moplahs had been educated there would not have been that ignorance and fanaticism which according to Sir William Vincent were one of the causes of the out break. Instead, therefore, of removing the root evil our Legislators are proceeding with the question from a different point of view and their egorts are therefore sure to fail. We cannot expect any good from these councils. Blessed are they who have no expectations for they shall not be disappointed.

SITUATION IN HUNGARY.

ATTACK ON A VILLAGE.

HUNGARIAN MINISTER'S NOTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Recd. 1-0 a.m. Sept. 8.

The situation in West Hungary is growing more serious. A telegram from Vienna reports that 2,500 regular Hungarian Troops have crossed into Lower Austria and attacked the village of Kiloschlug forcing the Austrian Gendarmerie and National Guards to withdraw after several hours' fighting with aloss of 2 killed and 20 wounded. The Austrian reinforcements have been despatched from Wienarneustadt.

The Hungarian Minister in Vienna has handed the Austrian Chancellor a note declaring that the Hungarian Government is ready formaly to overhand Burgenland to Entente Mission at Oedenburg and to recognise Austria's sovereignty over it but the note says that the Hungarians will not evacuate the territory until the negotiations have ended Austria however declines to enter into negotiations until Burgenland has been handed over.

SIND CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

MR DAS RECOMMENDED FOR PRESIDENTSHIP.

(From a Correspondent.)

NAWABAD, Sept. 6.

At a meeting of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee at Shikarpur on 4th instant, it was unanimously resolved to recommend Mr. C. R. Das finally for the presidentship of Ahmedabad Congress. It was also resolved that the representatives of the District whose Congress Committee did not submit monthly balance sheet within 20th of the following month will forfeit the right of vote till it is submitted. A committee of seven men was appointed to report within one month on the system of National Education and school curriculum to be followed in Sind and the nature of the organisation to be set up to make arrangements for National Education.

It was resolved to boycott the visit of the Prince of Wales to Karachi in March next. A resolution was passed wo coming the policy of repression now pursued in Sind, in so far as it stirred the people to greater activity and brought out the requisite qualities of courage and self-sacrifice and congratulating the people of Sind on boldly facing the policy of repression.

LORD WILLINGDON AND MALABAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 6.

H. E. Governor returned to Madras today from Ootacamund. As at present arranged his Excellency is not expected to leave Madras for a fortnight. It is understood that as soon as the conditions in Malabar allow, Lord Willingdon is likely to pay a visit to that district.

DHARWAR FIRING.

SHIVLINGAPPA EXAMINED.

ORDER OF FIRING.

(From our own Correspondent.)

DHARWAR, Sept. 7.

The proceedings began to-day with the evidence of Sub-Inspector Shivlingappa, the man who ordered the firing on the crowd on July 1st, which resulted in the death of three persons, the witness receiving only a scratch on the cheek. Shivlingappa has risen from the post of a village watchman, Talawar as is called, and belongs to the Bargimurgi tribe. The witness' education is of the most elementary character. Rising from the post of a village watchman Shivlingapla has reached the post of a chief policeman in charge of Dharwar. His demeanour in the court was one of bravado although he was fidgitty and uncomfortable in the witness box. The language used by the witness was the dialect used by lower classes like the Talawars. The witness said thousands of people had come to the court to see the trial of the two volunteers before the Magistrate. There were Mr. Mudvekar, pleader, Mr. Kabbur pleader, Herlekar, Dhabde, Chise, Sulkanmaster, Jungli, Khalasi and one or two others. After the conviction the Police Superintendent's car was pelted with stones. The Superintendent got down but went away not finding out the culprit. The crowd followed the volunteers who were convicted and shouted out that the Magistrate should not be spared. The witness then returned to the office and there he received the news that one Manekjee Karaka was calling him as there was trouble. The witness went to Manekjee's house and the latter complained that stones had been thrown at his house and small stones were shown to the witness. Manekjee was asked whether he would file a complaint and he declined to do so as it would cause more trouble.

"LOOTING AND BURNING."

Witness then went to the Police Supdt. about the affair and he told all that had happened. The Superintendent asked the witness to go away and the witness went home. It was about past seven when he arrived in the town. He heard shouting from the direction of the liquor shops. A cycle orderly came to him and told him that there was a great disturbance and the police were being assaulted and asked the witness to go to the place of riot. The orderly was asked to go to the Superintendent to inform him of the trouble and the witness dressed and went to the office where he found complainant Karaka standing near the office. The witness was given a written complaint that people wre looting and burning his shop. It was about half past-seven. The time was approximate when the witness got into the compound the second Sub-Inspector met him and he told the witness that there was great disturbance. The liquor shop had been set fire to twice and that the police were being pelted with stones and tiles. He also told the witness that the police could not control the crowd. The witness went further and met a police servant who told him that the rioters were shouting "burn the kutchery, liquor shop." There were about two thousand people. There were behind him an unarmed policeman with the second Sub-Inspector. He did not remember seeing any other armed constables in the crowd. The rioters had then entered the liquor shop and were surrounding it. The witness warned the crowd to disperse who began to shout that the man who had got the volunteers convicted had come and they should beat and kill him and deal with him as the policemen were dealt with at Malegaon. The crowd got excited and rushed on the police. The witness threatened to fire if the crowd did not disperse which would not listen and pushed the police back saying that the witness had no authority to fire. The witness warned twice or thrice to disperse but the crowd did not listen and stones throwing continued. People shouted not to spare the police and the constables were hit with stones, and one constable fell senseless. The witness was hit on the left eve leaving a scratch on his body. Thinking the witness was going to be killed and burned alive he gave order to fire. Constables fired in the air. People shouted there was blank firing and Shivlingapa could not fire without a Magistrate. The witness was here glaring at the accused and Kabbur asked him not to do so. Hulkoti, the special Lingayat Prosecutor warned the witness not to do so. After the first firing people retreated and again rushed on and there was firing again. At the second firing the crowd receded and the witness went to the cross road near his office. Ten minutes after kitson lights was brought and placed near the shop where two or three persons had fallen. Some hundreds of people shouted and again rushed on the police although warned not to do so. People shouted let Shivlingapa kill as many as he liked, but they would burn. The witness ordered firing again and ten minutes after Mr. Painter and the Police Superintendent and others came to the scene and the people began to disperse slowly The senseless man sent to the hospital and Panchnamas were made on the bodies that had fallen there. Stones were lying in and about the liquor shop and the doors were broken. The witness went to the hospital together with other constables and his statement was taken by the Deputy Superintendent. The witness identified some of the accused and Rao Bahadur Joshi was the man who brought the kitson lamp. The witness knew all the persons before. To the court the witness said he also sent a man to the District Magistrate to inform him just as he was going into the crowd. The witness had taken no part in the investigations.

The stone mason who had repaired

Continued on Page 8.

"CHRONICLE" CORRESPONDENT AT MALEGAON.

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT.

ASKED TO APOLOGISE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NASIK, Sept. 7.

In the Malegaon riot case Mr. Pradhan, Public Prosecutor, presented an application to the court yesterday complaining that certain statements in reports of the proceedings of the case published in the issues of the "Bombay Chronicle's" dak edition of 23rd, 25th and 26th August were positively false and likely to prejudice a fair trial and amounted to the contempt of Court. The Judge passed an order that a copy of the application should be given to Mr. Venkat Ram, special correspondent of the 'Bombay Chronicle' and that he should be excluded from the Court until he apologized for the things complained of.

To-day Mr. Venkat Ram presented a written statement traversing the several allegations made against him and urging that the Judge's order of exclusion was unjust and unfair. He further urged that the Public Prosecutor's application was made deliberately with a view to prejudicing the Court against the representative of a newspaper of first class standing in order to prevent him from laying bare the discomfiture that the prosecution had suffered.

The Judge held that a particular statement complained of was an unwarranted reflection on the Court whereupon Mr. Venkat Ram apologised to him for having made it. The Judge thereupon passed an order directing that Mr. Venkat Ram might be admitted to the Court as hereto fore since he had apologised for the particular passage objected to by him.

SITUATION IN MALABAR.

LATEST MILITARY REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The following report of the latest military situation has been received at army headquarters at ten this morning:—Two movcable columns are operating from Mallapuram. One column reached Pandikkad eight miles east of Manjeri, via Manjeri, yesterday, and met Moplahs in small parties with no inclination to fight. The other column is operating in the Ernad Taluk headquarters and supply the railhead established at Tirur, as Feroke-Mallapuram road is badly damaged. A company of the 64th Pioneers has been sent to Ponnani by water to make necessary arrests. About 200 arrests have been made in villages near Tirur. The situation in Calicut is normal. Civilians are returning to their bungalows from the West Hill. Nilgiri and Wynaad are quiet. The Mysore Government have taken steps to control the ebb and flow of Moplahs on their border. No further developments in Madras.

300 MOPLAHS CONVICTED.

EACH GETS 2 YEARS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALICUT, Sept. 5.

Over 300 Moplahs, who were arrested at Tanur and elsewhere, have been convicted by the Special Magistrate at Tanur under Martial Law regulations and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each for offences of looting, removing rails, etc. The convicts have been all committed to the Central Jail, Coimbatore.

PURCHASE OF FOREIGN CLOTH

MARWARI CHAMBER'S RESOLVE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, September 7.

The Marwari Chamber of Commerce passed a resolution yesterday for stopping further fresh purchase of foreign cloths by its members up to the 31st December next. The Secretary of the Chamber explains that this step was taken to steady the market and help the depletion of the present accumulated stocks thereby creating healthy atmosphere for future operation.

PROGRESS OF N. C. O. IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, September 7.

The presence of Mr. Gandhi in Calcutta gave a fresh lease of life to the non-co-operation movement and the activities of its followers are more in evidence. Meetings are being held daily and picketting is going on as before. Leaflets in Hindi, Urdu and Bengal. Advocating boycott of foreign goods are being widely circulated in all districts of Calcutta. An attempt is being made to induce Marwari importers to stop importing foreign cloth altogether and in this respect non-co-operation has already made some headway.

MR. ANDREWS TO GO TO UGANDA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

Mr. C. F. Andrews has been invited by the National Congress Standing Committee of the East and Central Africa to proceed to Kenya Colony and Uganda at the earliest possible moment. After consultation with Mr. Gandhi and other Indian leaders he has decided to postpone his visit to Fiji, as Uganda is regarded at the present time as more important. He will leave Bombay by s.s. Karoa on September 21st stopping on his way to Bombay for a short time in Rajputana.

STRENGTH OF ANTI-ASIATIC FEELING.

MR. ANDREWS' VIEWS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

Interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press with regard to his approaching visit to East Africa and Uganda, Mr. C. F. Andrews made the following statements:—

Q.—What do you think of the present position in East Africa?

A.—On the one side, the position is decidedly more hopeful. The Imperial Conference resolution giving citizenship status to Indians in the majority of British Dominions is bound to affect all Crown Colonies. Great Britain governs these Colonies directly through the Colonial Office and Great Britain cannot afford to be less liberal towards Indians than Australia or Canada. Thus there is now a most convincing argument on the Indian side, in favour of full citizen rights being granted, and the Government of India is pressing that claim for all it is worth.

Q. What is the contrary claim?

A. You must remember that South Africa was the only Dominion that refused Indians citizenships. Europeans in East Africa are claiming that, in Africa, the precedent of the South African Dominion must be followed and not the precedent of the Australian Dominion. They say that Africa is one Continent, and you cannot have two opposite polices in one Continent. Major Grogan put it very tersely when he said that Durban was the back door and Mombasa was the front door into Africa from India. South Africa had closed the back door and now Mombasa must close the front door. Otherwise, Africa would be invaded from India all down Africa. This was brutally frank but it reveals a very common European sentiment.

Q. What will be the result?

A. You will notice that a European deputation has gone at once to General Smuts. General Smuts is a liberal-minded man but he will have very great dificulty in resisting South African European sentiment. The strength of anti-Asiatic sentiment may be seen from th findings of the recent Commission which suggested the forfeiture of important Indian land-rights in Natal. And also the Natal Government has just passed a bill taking away Indian municipal franchise. South Africa will be solidly on the side of the European deputation from East Africa.

Q. What about the other British provinces in Africa?

A. Zanzibar is very friendly to Indians, but it is only a small island and does not affect the main continent of Africa directly. Tanganyika is a mandated territory. I do not think that Indian rights there can be touched as India has her own seat on the League of Nations. Nyassaland and Uganda will probably follow the lead of the Kenya Colony on the European side, but I am not quite certain. Rhodesia is likely to be more friendly to Indians but again it is difficult to speak certainly.

Q. What further oppositions will there be to Indian claims?

A. It is likely that missionary representation will be made against the Indian claims, though in Uganda I found the strongest support of Indians from missionaries like Dr. Albert Cook of Kampala.

Q. What is the opinion of intelligent Africans

A. I have published a document given me by the Uganda Parliament called the Lukiko. It was taken while I was present. The Prime Minister, the Chief Justice and the Treasurer signed it, on behalf of the Uganda Parliament saying that they desired the presence of Indians in their country. The young Uganda Association, composed mainly of the sons of chiefs an leading men, gave me a similar document on behalf of the younger generation.

SIR T. HOLLAND'S PORTFOLIO

MR. SHAFI TO TAKE CHARGE TEMPORARILY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

It is understood that the Hon Mr. Shafi will in addition to his own duties, temporarily take over charge of Commerce, Industry and Railways, vice Sir Thomas Holland, resigned.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 5.

The third day's discussion on the Women Franchise resolution was resumed at the Bengal Council to-day The debate which lasted a little over two hours was practically one-sided. Of the 12 speakers to-day, only one supported and the rest opposed the motion. They opposed mainly on the grounds that the proposal was immature, inexpedient, impractical and its utility not proved. All amendments having been withdrawn, the original motion was put to the vote and negatived, 37 voting for and 56 against it.

POSTAL ARTICLES OF LETTER MAIL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

Postal articles of letter mail landed in British India under arrangements in force with the United Kingdom or any other British possession or foreign country for transmission by post of postal articles between British India and the United Kingdom or such possession or country, shall not be transmitted by post within British India if they contain coin, bullion, precious stones, jewellery, articles of gold or silver, or other articles liable to customs duty, unless and until customs duty, if any, payable thereunder has been paid.

SIR A. WILSON ON "MESOPO."

TRIBUTE TO SIR PERCY COX.

"EMIR FEISAL THE IDEAL CANDIDATE."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

Sir Arnold Wilson, who was for three years Civil Commissioner in Mesopotamia, arrived in Calcutta yesterday from Rangoon on his way to the Persian Gulf. Interviewed by a Press representative he said with regard to the recent developments in Mesopotamia:—"It is nearly a year since I left Mesopotamia and my only information as to the course of events there since April last when I was at Cairo, during Mr. Winston Churchill's Conference, is derived from Reuter's telegrams. I need hardly say that I am gratified at the trend of events there as shown by these telegrams. For two years after the armistice, we in Mesopotamia waited for His Majesty's Government to decide on a policy. Mr. Winston Churchill gave us one in as many months. Sir Percy Cox with the help of his staff has done in 12 months what I thought it would take five years to accomplish. Under his guidance the people of Mesopotamia seem to have achieved unity. If the public at home will have patience and refuse to be misled by the organs of pompous and pretentious newspaper proprietors, I believe the time is not far distant when the acceptance by His Majesty's Government of the mandate for Mesopotamia will be justified by events. I always regarded the Emir Feisal as the ideal candidate for the throne of Mesopotamia with any prospect of permanent success. His personality and ancestry lend dignity and lustre to his position."

LOOT OF FOOD-GRAINS IN MEERUT

SEQUEL TO ALLEGED CHEATING BY SHOPKEEPER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 6.

The "Leader's" correspondent wires from Meerut that two officers, when a complaint was made to them by a purchaser, at once proceeded to the spot, and remonstrated with the Baniya who pleaded innocence, and arrested two of the shopkeepers and marched them off to the Kotwali. They were followed by a large crowd of people consisting mostly of Mahomedan and other boys. They were, however, turned back, but as the feeling naturally ran high against the shopkeepers who are thus said to have cheated the purchaser it was soon converted into a feeling of hatred against the grain-dealers in general, and as soon as the Thasildar and Sub-Inspector had turned their back, a general loot commenced. Thousands of people soon gathered and for nearly two hours wholesale loot was indulged in. Whole stocks of grain were removed not only on men's back but on carts, tongas, tumtums and thelas. Not a grain was left in any of the shops. The account books were torn, cash removed and even beds, smoking pipes and tin-sheds were not spared. Iron safes were taken out, loaded on carts and removed. All this went on so to say under the very nose of the police. Goods were being removed to neighbouring purwas and the victims themselves were silent spectators to their ruin in the broad daylight in the military station of Meerut

Simultaneously, in Lalkurti Bazar and outside Kaisarganj, an outbreak occurred. The former is said to have suffered badly, while, in the latter, Raghunath General Mills was the chief victim. The whole loss is estimated to be between 4 to 5 lakhs at the lowest computation. When the rioters had freely indulged in loot to their heart's content for nearly an hour and a quarter some Khilafat volunteers reached the spot and tried to ease the situation. About 15 minutes later the police also arrived on the scene but then it was already too late. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police also reached there, but the thing was already over and they were only witnesses to the scene of desolation and ruin in the mandi. Serious allegations are being made against the subordinate police of utter indifference to the whole affair.

ARRESTS.

A quantity of grain has been recovered from several houses and some arrests have been made. Things are going on at a leisurely pace. Great excitement prevails in the city and the general feeling of insecurity particularly amongst the Hindu population is growing strong. It is significant that although in the immediate vicinity of shops in the mandi, which were looted, there were several shops of Mahomedans, not one of them was affected, but they did not deal in grain.

A.—B. RLY. STRIKE SITUATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

At today's meeting of the Bengal Council, Hon. Mr. Kerr made an important statement regarding the Assam-Bengal Railway strike. He had brought the requests of strikers to the notice of the railway company who were unwilling to give way on any of those points, but they were willing to take back the strikers. As a result, out of eight thousand strikers, three thousand five hundred resumed work, and the Company have taken three thousand four hundred men. The strike is practically over.

UNIVERSITY SENATE MEETING.

ANSWERING QUESTIONS IN VERNACULAR.

The adjourned meeting of the Senate was held in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 5-45 p.m., Sir C. H. Setalvad, Vice-Chancellor, presiding.

The Senate gave further consideration to the resolution contained in the Report of the Senate in Committee on the resolution moved by Dr. Viegas, viz., that the report of the Committee appointed to consider the recommendations of the Calcutta University Commission be appointed and adopted and that Government be requested to take necessary action on the lines of the report.

To the above resolution Dr. Mann moved the following amendment which he said was of a formal nature and which the mover of the resolution accepted:—

"That after the word "Commission" the following words be added, viz:—"as modified by the resolution of the Senate Committee."

MR. NATRAJAN'S OPPOSITION.

Mr. K. Natrajan opposed the resolution as he said he still remained unconvinced that those reforms were necessary. He did not see any specific defects in the existing system. The discussion in the Senate had created confusion and disturbance in the public mind and had unnecessarily discredited the existing system. Also, he did not see any chance of financial provision for the carrying out of the reforms in the near future.

The proposition as amended was carried, on being put to the vote.

REVISED AGENDA OF BUSINESS.

This brought the business of the adjourned meeting to a close, and an ordinary meeting was then held and a revised agenda of business was then taken in hand.

The Vice-Chancellor conferred the degrees of B. Ag., B. Com., B. E., M. B., B. S., B. Sc., B. A. B. Hy., L. L. B., M. A. and M. D., on several candidates who had successfully passed their qualifying examinations.

The next item on the agenda was to elect four members of the Syndicate for the ensuing year for which eight candidates had been nominated. The following four gentlemen were duly elected. Principal J. Mackenzie, Dr. Harold H. Mann, Dr. R. N. Ranina and Mr. Mirza Ali Mohmed Khan.

THE SURAT ARTS COLLEGE.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Principal, M. T. B. Arts College, Surat, forwarded through the Chairman Managing Committee, Sarvajanik Education Society applying for permission to open classes in English Honours and in Gujarati at the B.A.

The extension was granted.

On the application of the Principal. New Poona College, the Senate resolved that the application of the College be extended by the addition of the subject of Marathi to the B. A. degree courses.

Consideration was then given to a proposal to require candidates for the B. A. examination to answer certain questions in the papers on the vernacular languages in their respective vernaculars.

Principal V. G. Apte moved—

"That, as recommended by the Syndicate, the following be *inserted* as paragraph under the heading '(ii) Second Languages—(Pass Examination)'

'In the papers on the Vernacular Languages, half the number of questions of a critical and historical nature will require to be answered in the Vernacular, and the Examiners shall indicate what questions are to be so answered.'"

Professor P. V. Kane moved the following amendment to the above:—

"In the papers on the Vernacular Languages studentes should have the option of answering the questions either in the Vernacular or in English and in the event of their choosing to answer the questions in English, they will be required to answer a few questions (not carrying more than 40 marks in all in each paper) of a critical and historical character in the Vernacular, such questions being distinctly indicated in the papers by the Examiners."

Professor V. B. Naik moved another amendment:—

That the words "all questions" be *substituted* for the words "half the number of questions of a critical and historical nature" and that all words beginning with "and the Examiners" to the end, be *dropped*.

Prof. Naik's amendment was put to the vote and was declared lost by the casting vote of the Chairman.

It was proposed at this stage that this matter be referred to the Syndicate.

The Senate then was adjourned.

MAHATMA'S INTERVIEW WITH DR. TAGORE.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 7.

Yesterday morning Mr. Gandhi had a prolonged interview, lasting nearly three hours with Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore. The nature of the conversation has not yet been disclosed. While Mr. Gandhi was engaged in the conversation with Dr. Tagore, Non-Co-operators made a bonfire of foreign cloths in the poet's compound.

BENARES OPIUM SALE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

Three hundred chests of Benares opium were offered for sale, but only one hundred and fifty-five were sold as there were no buyers for the rest. The sale proceeds amounted to Rs. 709,300 the highest price per chest being Rs. 4,620, the lowest Rs. 3,500 and the average Rs. 4,576.

At the Calcutta Police Court a taxi driver and his attendant convicted to three months' and one month's rigorous imprisonments, respectively, for striking an European in the course of an altercation.

POONA NOTES.

"PUSYFOOT'S" VISIT.

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, September 6.

Mr. W. E. Johnson, the well-known American Prohibitionist, who visited this city on the 2nd of this month, proved a very interesting guest to the enlightened audience that heard him twice or thrice during the last week. In spite of his queer American pronunciations, his lectures were largely attended. To see this old one-eyed American veteran, out with the determination of 'drying' the world, enthusiastically preaching the principle of Prohibition already in practice in America is a scene likely to linger in our memory for a long time to come. When the student-audience gathered in large numbers in the Fergusson College, welcomed this honoured guest with clamorous clappings, the American's hat forth-with flew in the air near above his head and with a true democratic instinct was waved with a smile in response to the students' cheers. Mr. Johnson was interviewed by men of all parties and when he was shown round the scene of liquor-picketing, he appeared to have appreciated it with wonder and satisfaction. His brief visit, will undoubtedly add to the vigour with which the picketing movement is being carried on in Poona.

A HUMOROUS SPEECH.

The finals of the Poona Inter-collegeato-tournaments, which were held to-day on the Fergusson College grounds, were witnessed by a fairly large audience including the Ministers of the Bombay Government, the professors and principals of all colleges and a number of ladies. A majority of prizes were won by the Agricultural College, the Fergusson and the New Poona, coming next in the order. A tug of war contest between the mixed college-staff and the mixed-college students which resulted in the decided victory of the latter, formed a very interesting item of the whole programme.

His Excellency who arrived on the scene at 5-30 p.m., and was photoed with students around, distributed silver cups and medals to the prize winners after which, the Hon. Mr. Paranjpye made a short speech. In the course of it, he said that if he had been included in the tug-of-war team of the college-staff, the result would probably have been different. He however sympathised with the defeated party and further remarked that the party ought to feel proud of their defeat as it came from their own students?

In the course of his reply, his Excellency the Governor said that he would have been glad to have arranged a special tug-of-war contest for Mr. Paranjpye, when the three Ministers would have had to pull, as against the Executive Councillors; and in such a case, thought his Excellency, Mr. Paranjpye had no very great chances of success. In conclusion, his Excellency announced that he would be glad to offer a challenge-cup for any kind of sport that the students would choose.

THE PRINCE'S VISIT TO INDIA

MR. BOMANJE'S APPEAL TO BRITISH PUBLIC.

The following letter is published in the "Daily Herald" of July 30th, 1921:—

Sir,—I was relieved to read lately that our revered leader, Mr. Gandhi, had called upon the people of India "to refuse to welcome the Prince of Wales," coming as he would to India "as the representative of a system of which she is sick unto death." Mr. Gandhi further reminded us that "if the Prince's visit is forced upon an unwilling India, there must be the same effective strike as on the occasion of the visit of the Duke of Connaught," who, on landing on Indian shores at Madras, as well as on his arrival at Calcutta, Delhi and Bombay, was met by a strike of all the taxi-drivers, tramway employees, and by the general public.

On seeing the announcement of the Prince's proposed visit, I strongly felt that the Indian Government had not learnt a lesson from the Duke's visit and was bent upon lowering the Royal family before the Indian people. As I pointed out in moving the resolution on the boycott on the Duke's visit at the Indian Congress last December, we did not want to be disrespectful to the Royal family; but if, after being warned, it still persists in being a party to deceiving the world that India is happy and contented and is lavishly spending millions of rupees to welcome the Prince, then one can infer that the Royal family cannot be said to be above party politics, and that it is lending itself to playing a political game.

The British Press has generally conspired to keep the British public in the dark as to the reality of the position in India. To give a recent instance, it, led by the "Times," published laudatory notices on the home-coming of that most detested of Viceroys—Lord Chelmsford—carefully concealing the fact that it was the first instance of a retiring Viceroy being ever refused a farewell address by the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

For these reasons I still hope and pray that saner counsels will prevail at Buckingham Palace.—Yours, etc.,

S. R. BOMANJI.

LABOUR TROUBLE IN BOMBAY.

The Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Central Labour Federation writes under date Sept. 7:—

The Agents of the Century and Zenith Mils informed us that they were willing to grant an increase of 3/4 of a pie all round to the men and would be prepared to discuss other grievances after the men have joined work. This morning a mass meeting was addressed by Mr. I. D. Sawhney and Professor Kanshiwa. It is expected that the men wil return to work tomorrow morning.

MADRAS LABOUR.

Mr. E. G Iyer has returned to Madras on the receipt of grave news concerning the Labour situation there

BRITISH TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

The Trade Union Congress meets this year at Cardiff. Our representatives Messrs. Hornman and Saklatwala will attend in the capacity of fraternal delegates.

LARWAR FIRING

Continued from Page 7.

the shop, said the total damage to the shop was forty-five rupees worth including everything After one more witness was examined the court adjourned for lunch.

DHARWAR RIOTING CASE.

EXAMINATION PROSECUTION WITNESSES.

(From a Special Correspondent.)

Dharwar, Sept. 6.

The third week of the Dharwar Rioting and arson trial commences to-day and at the rate of three and half hours each day there is every likelihood of the case being prolonged well into the fourth week. Of course, the legal luminaries for prosecution both imported and local have no cause to complain of ths hardshp. The 27 accused being undefended the first witness called for prosecution was Bhusapa Surshidapa a lingayat who saw the tatti of the liquor shop on fire being extinguished by the police, etc. and he identified seven accused as present at the place, of riot. Witness Bhimapa pointed out another accused for Diwan, although he knew him for a long time. The court's attention was drawn to the fact that it had recorded that the witness was unable to point out the right person and not that he had pointed out the wrong person for Diwan. The Court said it made no difference at all and it would be unfair to the wrong accused who was pointed out to put down his name in the records. About ten witnesses were examined in the morning before lunch time.

EVIDENCE OF A. S. P.

In the afternoon the A. S. P., Mr. Smith gave evidence seated on the dais where the Judge sits in a chair. He said, on the first of July he received intimation from the Superintendent that there was trouble in the Town and he accompanied him to the Collector's bungalow. He was told this at the Club. They picked up the Collector and went down to the City. They first went to the Headquarters to hurry up his armed Police and they met the Sub-Inspector there near Superintendene's Bungalow and told him to hurry up his men. They found the Police drawn up outside the Police Kutchery compound. One Constable was lying senseless on the Road. Two bodies were visible a little distance away by the Light of Kitson Lamp. It was near the Liquor shop witness was kept in charge of the men at the Kutchery, while the Collector and Superintendent went ahead. Witness sent the senseless Constable to the Hospital in a car. After a while witness joined the Collector opposite the liquor shop, witness was present at the usual Panchanama and the two bodies together with third found subsequently in the gutter were sent to the Hospital on third of July with an armed party of ten and four unarmed party of ten and four unarmed Constables. Certain accused were arrested.

Mr. Mudwedker accused here complained that the accused were more interested in hearing what the witness said than anybody else and they were unable to hear him. Either the witness must speak aloud or sit nearer the accused. The Judge said the witness was sitting in his proper place and he could not speak louder than he was now doing. If accused did not hear any particular portion, the Court's attention must be drawn to it. Mr. Mudvedkar said he was tired of so doing. The Court said the accoustics of the room were bad and it was impossible to hear properly. Mr. Mudwedkar said that was the reason why witness should sit near them or speak up to the Court. The witness said he saw a number of stones on the roof and on the road. A clock in the shop was broken and things were disorderly in the shop. He did not remember seeing any tiles on the second day. He saw the time on the clock was twenty minutes to eight and it was on the wall of shop he could account for the wrong time shown now by the clock.

Next witness was one of Panch who had signed the panchnama. He said four Panchnamas were made one on two dead bodies one for one body which was still living; one for the stones and tiles and the fourth on shivlingpas scratch near the eye. It was a small wound there were four or six baskets of stones and tiles and he was not present when they were collected. He saw the burnt tatti. He said the shop looked like looted because stones and tiles were lying about inside the shop. On a raised platform money was lying about. He could not remember whether the tiles on the roof were broken. In reply to the could not remember whether the tiles on the roof were broken. In reply to the Court; whether he had signed the Panchanama after satisfying himself that it was true. Witness said it was read out to him and he signed it. Asked again witness admitted he had signed after he was satisfied as to the truth of the statement contained therein. The second Panch was then called, he had written three panchnamas and he had arrived at the place when the fourth was finished the contents of the last were correct.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION OF KATHIAWAR PUBLIC WORKERS.

Mr. Manilal Kothari from Jetpur wires under date September 7th:—

In connection with the recent banquet speech of the Agent to the Governor at Dhrangadra in which he defamed the Kathiawar public workers, Mr. Maanilal Kothari moves a resolution among others before the Executive Committee of the Kathiawar Political Conference at Rajkot calling upon the Agent to immediately state the facts if any justifying the gross defamation and if he is unable to state such facts, to express regret and if he fails to do so the resolution calls upon the Bombay Government to at once recall him from Kathiawar in the interests of public good."

MARTIAL LAW ORDINANCE.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS.

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

A "Gazette of India Extraordinary" publishes the following ordinance:—

Whereas an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to supplement the provisions of the martial law ordinance, 1921, now therefore the Governor-General, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 72 of the Government of India Act is pleased to make the following ordinance:—

1. This ordinance may be called the Martial Law (Supplementary) Ordinance, 1921. It shall have the same extent as the martial law ordinance, 1921, and shall apply also in the area in which the said ordinance applies by virtue of a notification under Section 2 thereof.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in the martial law ordinance, 1921, (herein after referred to as the principal ordinance) special tribunals may be constituted for the purpose of that ordinance in any administrative area or areas in the manner hereinafter provided.

3. A special tribunal shall consist of three persons who shall be appointed by the local Government. The President of the tribunal shall be a person who has acted or is acting as a judge of a High Court established under the Indian High Courts Act, 1861, or the Government of India Act, and the other two members shall be persons who have acted for the period of at least two years in the exercise of the powers of a sessions judge under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

4. The provisions of sections 7, 15, 17, 18, 22 and 23 of the principal ordinance shall apply to special tribunals in the same manner and to the extent as they apply to summary courts and for the purposes of this ordinance the word "offence" shall have the meaning ascribed to it by section 19 of the principal ordinance, provided that a special tribunal constituted in more administration area than one shall subject to the provisions of this and the principal ordinance have jurisdiction in all such areas.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 4 a special tribunal shall notwithstanding anything contained in the principal ordinance, try such offences connected with the events which have necessitated the enforcement or continuance of martial law as the local Government may by general order in writing direct. (2) If any question arises whether or not an offence is an offence of the nature described in sub-section (1) the decision of the special tribunal shall be conclusive on the point and such decision shall be questioned in any court. (3) Special tribunals may pass any sentence authorised by law or by regulations under the said ordinance. (4) When an accused person is sentenced to death by a special tribunal the President shall inform him of the period within which if he wishes to appeal his appeal should be preferred.

6. (1) A special tribunal may take cognizance of offences without the accused being committed of it for trial and in trying accused persons shall follow the procedure prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the trying of warrant cases by magistrates, provided that the special tribunal shall make a memorandum only of the substance of the evidence of each witness examined and shall not be bound to adjourn any trial for any purpose unless such adjournment is in its opinion necessary in the interests of justice. (2) Nothing in the proviso sub-section (1) shall be deemed to affect the provisions of section 15 of the principal ordinance as applied to the proceedings of special tribunals by this ordinance. (3) A special tribunal have all the powers conferred by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, on a court of a session exercising original jurisdiction. (4) In the event of any difference of opinion among the members of a special tribunal the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

7. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or of any other law for the time being in force, or of anything having the force of law by whatsoever authority made or done, there shall, save as hereinafter provided, be no appeal from any order or sentence of a special tribunal and no Court shall have the authority to revise such order or sentence or to transfer any case from a special tribunal or to make any order under Section 491 of the said Code or have any jurisdiction of any kind in respect of any proceedings of a special tribunal and no order of confirmation shall be necessary in the case of any such sentence. (2) An appeal shall lie to the High Court in the case of any sentence passed by a special tribunal of death or of transportation for life of imprisonment for a term of ten years or more and the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, shall apply as though the appeal were an appeal to a High Court under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, from a sentence passed by a court of Session. (3) The power of the Governor-General in Council or the local Government to make orders under Section 401 or Section 402 of the said Code shall apply in respect of persons sentenced by special tribunals.

8. The local Government may, by notification in the local official "Gazette", make rules providing for (1) the times and places at which special tribunals may sit and (2) the procedure of special tribunals, including the powers of the President and the procedure to be adopted in the event of the President or any other member being prevented from attending throughout the trial of any accused person.

9. The provisions of this ordinance shall be construed with and read as part of the martial law ordinance, 1921, and this ordinance and the principal ordinance may be cited together as the martial law ordinances, 1921.

The ordinance is signed by the Viceroy.

CALCUTTA MERCHANTS PROMISE TO MAHATMA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 7.

Mr. Gandhi met dealers of foreign goods of Colootola and they wanted six months' time to dispose of their goods in stock and undertook not to deal with foreign goods after that.

PARLIAMENTARY MANNER.

MR. GANDHI TO READ SHAKESPEARE.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your issue of 1st instant contains an article by Mr. M. K. Gandhi which makes some reference to the events of 20th July in Karachi and some errors thereanent.

Mr. Gandhi refers to measures taken by the Sindh authorities to prevent a recrudescence of mob-violence as "losing their heads." We have had mob-violence instigated by non-cooperation on 27th March, 6th and 13th April and 25th July. The residents of Karachi know by bitter experience that they cannot rely upon Mr. Gandhi's ideals for peace, and are grateful to Government for the better protection now afforded them. It would astonish Mr Gandhi if he could learn how bitterly respectable Karachi people of all communities abominate the disorders his disciples have on these four occasions fomented in our city.

Mr. Gandhi says further, "The European residents too have lost self-control." That is merely Mr. Gandhi's *obiver dictum* on a matter of which he is in no position to judge, and he errs grievously

Mr. Gandhi continues, "I do not wonder. They are a handful in the midst of many." Mr. Gandhi's idea of course is that all the 250,000 Indian residents in Karachi are on his side and hostile to the Europeans As a matter of fact the Europeans while of course only a handful, are an entity however small among a great mass of loyal and respectable citizens opposed to Mr Gandhi and his ante-diluvian economics It is Mr. Gandhi's mob which is in the minority both as to numbers, brains and character. Were it otherwise they could have swept the Municipal elections. As it is their handful of successes at the polls only serves to prove the hopeless incapacity of Mr. Gandhi's best followers in Karachi.

Mr. Gandhi appears to have published somewhere selections from correspondence between Professor Vaswani and myself. Mr Gandhi no doubt made his selections to suit himself, and I feel pretty sure he did not reproduce my letter on "Intolerance," "Boycotting the Babies" or "Boycotting the Water Relief Scheme."

I challenge him now to reproduce my letters on "Intolerance" in the light of the iconoclasm and conversions-by-force by his Swaraj followers in Malabar

I know it is the fashion to attribute to Mr. Gandhi great personal saintliness. I regret I have not the necessary *slave mentality* to join in the common cry.

Such a man as Mr. Gandhi in England would preach in Hyde Park on Sunday afternoons, and be heard with the humorous restraint for which English crowds are famous.

In America he would be goaled if he could be arrested before being lynched.

In France he would be medically treated for dementia.

Only in India do his absurd vanity and personal egotism and megalomania attract attention. Only in India and owing to the ignorance of its masses could such a man as Mr. Gandhi have any influence.

Even in ignorant Russia would he fall flat now. There they have tasted Tolsvoian reaction and want no more.

Mr. Gandhi regards my literary style as "splenetic."

Englishmen are not accustomed to deal with humbug, hypocrisy, tyranny, wilful caprice and oppression mealy-mouthedly. Let Mr. Gandhi study Shakespeare's Henry VI and he will find his sort described for all time in the character of Jack Cade. Would that my style in this connection could be as "splenetic!"—Yours, etc.,

E. L. PRICE, M. L. A.

Simla, Sept. 4.

(We publish the above remarkable letter from an eminent legislator as a specimen of that parliamentary manner, which Mr. Whyte has praised so highly in the Legislative Assembly.—Ed. "B. C.")

FRONTIER ACTIVITIES.

ENEMY HAND OVER RIFLES.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The following *communique* is issued:—

Waziristan (Mahsud):—During the night of the 28th and 29th August a party of about 20 Abdullai and Abdul Rahman Khel endeavoured to enter the camel segregation camp at Haidari Kach which is about 16 miles west of Jandola. One of our patrols encountered the enemy, who opened fire on them and threw bombs. Enemy were eventually driven off and our men claim to have inflicted casualties on them. One of the ranks of the 28th Punjabis was killed and three were wounded. A picquet in the vicinity of Kotkai was attacked by some sixty Mahsuds on the night of the 27th and 28th August. Enemy threw bombs, one of which entered the picquet area, but was throwout before it exploded. It is believed that the enemy suffered some casualties.

EXTRAORDINARY OCCURENCE.

A somewhat extraordinary occurrence is reported from Jandola. As is not infrequently the case in countries largely composed of lime stone rock or conglomerate, the water in river beds is apt to suddenly disappear underground owing to a fault or flaw in the strata, only to emerge once again for a similar reason at some other spot.

On the 27th August the water in the river bed suddenly disappeared. No water was obtainable except at the Hinnis Teogi, two miles below Jandola and from a spot two miles up the Shabur Tangi, near Dotan. A convoy animals were watered with the greatest difficulty for three days. Working parties were promptly despatched to Dotak to reconstruct an old channel, but this action turned out to be unnecessary as the water reappeared and is once more flowing above the ground in its old channel to Jandola.

HANDING OVER RIFLES.

Wana:—The General Officer Commanding Waziristan Field Force, reports that up to the 31st August the Wana Wazirs had handed in Government rifles numbering 300, tribal ribes 198, fine Rs. 40,063/8/0 (paid in full). These figures more than fulfil the preliminary terms which were to be complied with as an earnest of good faith and it was intended to immediately summon a *Jirga* of the friendly sections to Murtaza in order to announce the raising of the blockade for them. Owing, however, to the prevalence of cholera in the Wana Wazir country, it has been decided to postpone the assembling of a *Jirga* for the present. Murtaza is about 15 miles west south-west of the Tank in a direct line.

DEVELOPMENT OF BOMBAY & SIR G. CURTIS' LECTURE.

MR. N. N. WADIA'S INTERESTING QUESTIONS.

Mr. N. N. Wadia, speaking on the paper read by Sir George Curtis, on "The Development of Bombay" in London, asked the following questions of Sir George Curtis:—

1. Does he think that acquiring, under the Land Acquisition Act, ground for the Worli Scheme by the Improvement Trust at Rs. 7 and Rs. 8 per square yard and then selling it again in a year or so, after development, at Rs. 50, which he estimates it would fetch, a fair proposition? In my opinion, the Land Acquisition Act was never intended for such purposes and it is causing a lot of discontent amongst the holders of land as they are forcibly made to part with it at the low figure

2. Will not keeping the price of the resale of such land at Rs. 50 hinder rapid housing under this scheme, as the high price of ground and the high cost of building materials at present in Bombay will necessitate landlords charging a high rent for such houses erected?

3. What is the necessity of making a wholesale acquisition of ground by the Government of Bombay in the Salsette Peninsula, which they are doing, at about 4 annas per square yard, and then intending to sell later on at about Rs. 4 or Rs. 5 per square yard?

4. Will not such acquisition and such a resale of ground at high rates give a handle to the Extremists for agitation against Government, and also turn some moderate business men against the Government owing to this unfair treatment?

5. Regarding the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, is it true that the Government of India have agreed with the Government of Bombay to take over about 120 acres of reclamation ground for military purposes at about Rs. 12 per square yard, i.e., at the actual cost of reclamation and further on condition that the Government of India claim from the Bombay Government the major portion of the value they will receive for the ground of the Marine Lines which will be vacated by the military and sold by the Government of Bombay for offices and housing purposes? Why should the Government of Bombay agree to give the ground to the Government of India at cost rate when they are going to sell the ground to the public for housing at Colaba for at least Rs. 50 per square yard, and why should the Government of India make a huge profit on such vacated land?

6. What is the idea of appointing an Advisory Committee at such a late date, say eighteen months after the Development Board was formed, when all the schemes for reclamation and development have been settled, contracts given out and the schemes are in progress? Is this Committee supposed to be a guide to the Board in an Advisory capacity or merely an Information Bureau to give information to the public?

7. I congratulate the Bombay Government on the great success of the loan of 9 crores, which they raised at 6½ per cent. interest, free of income tax, last year, on the guarantee of the Bombay Government only. This loan compares very favourably with the sterling loan lately floated in London by the Government of India at 7 per cent. Is the credit of the Government of India so low in London that they are forced to pay 7 per cent. when cities like Birmingham, Glasgow and Reading and even the Ceylon Government, can raise loans at about 6 per cent. in the London Market?

These questions I would like answered and carefully considered in London, as they are likely to cause great friction and agitation in India, for which we are giving illegitimate grounds in my opinion, and it is with this in view, that I venture to write this letter so that such causes may be removed.

I did, at an interview with his Excellency Sir George Lloyd, last year, place before him a scheme by which the original owners of land could be allowed to acquire the ground taken from them under the Acquisition Act, by paying the average cost of improvement for the locality and a reasonable profit to the Improvement Trust. Will Sir George Curtis say whether such a scheme, in his opinion, would be able to lessen all this agitation which is now taking place in Bombay?

THE EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

"LORD RICHARD IN THE PANTRY."

Although by no means the funniest play I have seen in Bombay, "Lord Richard in the Pantry" is decidedly good.

To say the least, Lord Richard is a great boy, and as a butler, priceless, whether he preferred the pantry to "Mespot" it is difficult to say, at all events for what I saw of Lord Richard I should imagine he felt the change of atmosphere keenly. Being forced into obscurity by an imaginative business failure, and deciding to become a butler in the house of the girl he is sweet upon, was a very wise and sensible thing to do, but carrying out of his duties as butler, coupled with the marked attentions of the cook, who had matrimonial designs upon his lordship from the first, formed a very sound base for many a good laugh.

Carl Lawson as Lord Richard, had a part to play most suited to his talents. His character study of his lordship was quite one of the best things I have seen since I left London. Lilian Stanbridge as the cook and Beryl Barraclough as Sylvia Grayford were ably supported by the rest of the cast.

The performance of "Lord Richard in the Pantry" should be repeated.

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THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hrs to 8 a.m. of 7th Sept 1921.	Total since 1st June 1921.	June 1st to Sept 7th. 1919.	1920.
	In. Cts.	In. Cts.	In. Cts.	In Cts
Colaba(Observatory)	2 01	75 94	59 92	36 15
Fort (Sh. Gs. Hyl.)	— —	-- ...	63 77	41 08
Esplanade (Gov. Sc. Hospital)	... ...	... ..	62 79	40 03
Byculla (J. J. Hyl.)	... ...	... ..	70 35	40 34
Prong's Mill (G. Mill)				

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 7th September, 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours:—

The Punjab.—Local rain has fallen in the north and south-east of the division. Rawalpindi reports 0.10in., Hissar 0.42in. and Delhi 0.32in. Skies are clear at Multan and moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Lahore and Hissar. Both day and night temperatures are above normal at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Allahabad reports 0.54in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Allahabad humidity is in excess. Temperature is nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rain has fallen locally in Rajputana; Bikaner reports 0.14in., Mount Abu 0.64in. and Kotah 0.39in. Skies are clear at Jacobabad and moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Jacobabad and nearly normal or in excess elsewhere. Day temperature is higher than usual at Karachi; night temperature is above normal at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West. There has been nearly general rain in Central India West and Gujarat and a few falls have occurred in Kathiawar. Indore reports a heavy fall of 3.90in. and Neemuch of 1.70in.; Surat has had 0.23in., Ahmedabad 0.20in., Deesa 0.14in. and Veraval 0.23in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in excess Day temperature is considerably lower than usual at Indore and in north Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general, but there has been a decrease in the amounts received: Jubbulpore reports 0.60in., Saugor 0.62in., Hoshangabad 0.77in., Khandwa 0.85in., Nagpur 0.46in. and Chanda 0.17in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Saugor and Hoshangabad humidity is in excess. Day temperature is considerably lower than usual except at Jubulpore and Saugor where it is nearly normal.

The Konkan.—All stations report rain. Bombay has had 2.01in., Ratnagiri 0.41in., Mormugao 0.25in. and Karwar 0.46in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports 0.14in. of rain. Skies are moderately clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in defect. Day temperature is higher than usual at Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—The storm from the Bay of Bengal has weakened further and now lies as a low pressure area in the neighbourhood of Kotah. There has been nearly general rain on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Gujarat, Central India West and the Central Provinces and local rain in Rajputana and in the north and south-east Punjab. A few falls have occurred in the south Bombay Deccan, Kathiawar, the United Provinces and south-east Madras. Indore reports a heavy fall of 3.90in.; other principal falls exceeding an inch being 2.01in. at Bombay, 1.70in. at Neemuch and 1.40in. at Nagapatam. Day temperature remains lower than usual over the greater part of the Central Provinces, Central India West and Gujarat.

Forecast.—Rain is likely to be nearly general on the west coast and in Gujarat, Central India West and Rajputana and in the Central Provinces with a few falls in Kathiawar, Lower Sind, the United Provinces and the south-east Punjab. It is probable that there will be an increase of rain in Gujarat and Rajputana and a decrease in Central India West and the Central Provinces.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 6th September, 1921:—

The storm from the Bay has moved to the neighbourhood of Jubbulpore, but it has given only moderately heavy rain in the Central Provinces. The depression from Gujarat persists off Kathiawar coast and the monsoon has extended into Sind. Rainfall has been nearly general in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Sind, Central India West, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and Malabar and local in the Bay Islands, Burma, Assam, the United Provinces, east Rajputana, north Hyderabad and Coorg. A few falls have also occurred in Gujarat and south Hyderabad.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Reports are:—Akyab one and a half inches; Lashio three; Dhubri, Jessore, Burdwan one; Saugor Island two; Sambalpur seven; Naya Dumka one and a half; Muktesswar one; Mussooree three; Hyderabad (Sind) one; Seoni one and a half and Pachmarhi two.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 6th Sept. 1921.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10. p. m

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	in.	29,673
Temperature of Air	deg.	79 2
Wet Bulb Thermometer		76 1
Dew Point		74 9
Relative humidity of Air		0 889
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)		8 6
Maximum temperature of Air degrees		85 6
Minimum do do		77 0
General direction of Wind		SW, W,
From Midnight to Midnight		
Movement of Wind do.	miles	160
Fall of Rain	inches	1 01
Total fall during month	"	2 11
do. year	"	74 94
Additional fall of rain up to 10 am. of 7th Sept.		1 00

SUN MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

HIGH WATER

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still.
		h. m.	ft. in
Tuesday.	13th Sept.	m9 19	25 6
		9 12a	24 6

LOW WATER

Day of Week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still
		h. m	ft in.
Tuesday.	13th Sept.	m2 18	19 0
		3 20a	19 7

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Bengal Council to-day adopted a resolution to restrict the consumption of intoxicating liquors and drugs by application of the principle of local option to municipal areas and by imposing restrictions on consumption by enhancing the duty, increasing the retail price, reducing the number of shops, limiting the hours of sale and reducing the issue of strengths. There was an amendment asking for total prohibition which was lost by a majority of seven.—(A. P.).

* * * *

A meeting of the sub-committee of the Lucknow Liberal League, which has been specially appointed to safeguard the interests of tenants in connection with the Oudh Rent Bill, was held on Thursday evening, when it was decided to make a representation to Government on behalf of the tenant, and the lines on which the representation be made were considered. A meeting of the League will be held on the 20th instant to consider the representation before its submission to Government.—(A. P.).

* * * *

Quite a large number of educated Bengali ladies invaded the Bengal Council Chamber to follow the debate on the resolution about women's franchise which came up for discussion in the Council on Thursday. There was one main resolution and three amendments which were moved one after an other and discussed together for three hours, after which the Council adjourned before the debate concluded.—(A. P.).

* * * *

A Gazette of India Extraordinary publishes the following:—Mr. C. N. Seddon resigns seat in the Council of State. Mr. F. G. Pratt nominated as Member of the Council of State. Mr. H. H. Gibbs resigns seat in the Legislative Assembly. Rana Umanath Baksh Singh is nominated a member of the Legislative Assembly, *vice*, Raja Saheb Bahadur Singh (deceased). Mr. G. G. Sim is nominated a member of the Legislative Assembly.—(A. P.).

* * * *

Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillay has been appointed one of the members of Indian Deputation which will visit British Guiana to examine the scheme of Indian colonization which the Government of that Colony is preparing. It is understood Pandit Venkatesh Narayan Tewari of the Servants of India Society will be another member of the deputation.—(A. P.).

* * * *

A Delhi message dated the 2nd September says:—Fluctiations in gold and silver prices and high exchange have resulted in several failures in business.—(A. P.).

* * * *

The Reform League at Aligarh the Collector presiding, resolved to authorise the Executive Committee to obtain consent of the War League for transference of its funds and responsibilities to the Reform League to assist small municipalities in relieving distress owing to rise in prices of foodgrains and to petition the Government to prohibit export of grain from India and to grant grain compensation to subordinate

* * * *

and menial staff.—(A. P.).

The terms on which the officers of the Services are to be allowed to retire on proportionate pensions as a result of the institution of the Reforms Scheme, are at present under consideration by the Government of India and Secretary of State. (A. P.)

* * * *

A special scarcity telegram says that the demand for clothing among famine-distressed people in Garwhal is great, that private charity is exhausted and that the district relief committee is unable to meet demands. Subscriptions are being raised in Mirzapur to provide clothing in the South. —A. P.)

* * * *

The Sind Lawn Tennis Championship Tournament concluded to-day and prizes were presented by the Commissioner in Sind, Mr. J. L. Rieu. Some 600 people attended an "at home" held in the Karachi Gymkhana where the tournament was played.—(A. P.)

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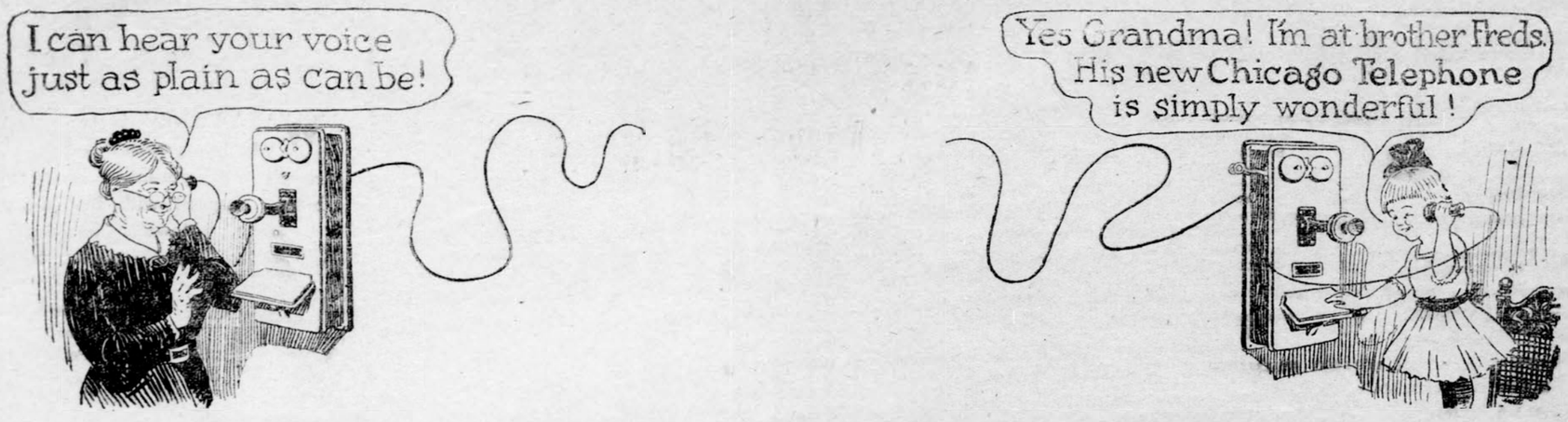
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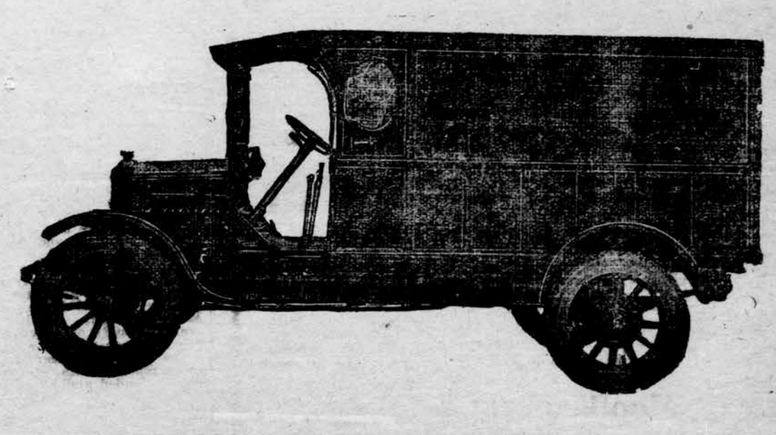
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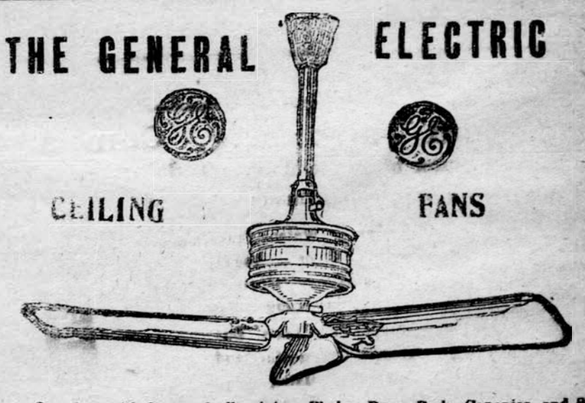
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